

Annual Report 2013



Vision

To be premier microfinance bank providing services to micro enterprises and low-income households across Pakistan.

Mission

To strengthen economic base of low-income populace across Pakistan by improving their accessibility to the financial services.

Values

► Empower

► Excel

► Ethics



Corporate Governance

The Board comprises seven members including leading commercial bankers, fund managers and microfinance experts from across the globe. This autonomous, private-sector board governs Khushhalibank's policies and provides guidance to the management in establishing a robust, customer-centric platform in accordance with the highest international standards.



Management

Success of Khushhalibank is outcome of a committed management team that steers business, provides operational support and maintains an adequate internal control environment. Khushhalibank's team strives to provide access to financial services to the largely un-banked segments of market through the largest microfinance network in Pakistan.



Investing in the Future Generation

Pak Turk Sponsorship

With an aim to empower talented and deserving students in pursuing their academic careers, Khushhalibank continues its assistance. Under this program Khushhalibank supports the students of Pak Turk International Schools & Colleges being run under the auspices of Pak Turk International Cag Educational Foundation – an International Turkish non-government educational organization.

Students with limited means have been provided with scholarship throughout the year 2013. These students kept up with their outstanding academic and social achievement befitting our trust in them.



Supporting Skill Enhancement

The Hunar Foundation Sponsorship

Khushhalibank continues to support the vision of the Hunar Foundation to achieve a skilled Pakistan by sponsoring 5 more students at HAK Technical Institute, Tando Allahyar for the academic year 2014. This training provides them the opportunity to acquire skills in various technical specialties like refrigeration, air conditioning, electrical installation, mechanical fitting, plant maintenance fabrication, welding and plumbing followed by a six-month internship in the local industry. The donation allows THF to expand its programs and services for coming years and helps transform more lives every year.



Women Empowerment

Khushhalibank Idol Award

Khushhalibank Idol Award is bestowed every year to support the initiative of the LADIES FUND to recognize the struggles of those women who manage to elevate their status in society as the Women of Substance.

This year the Award was won by Anita Zafar and Akbari Begum (posthumously) because of their extraordinary valour in administrating polio vaccines to help support their family at the cost of their lives. The families of these two women received the Award.

Such awards are an inspiration for those women whose achievements are yet to be acknowledged. Khushhalibank proudly supports such initiatives which mark the Bank's resolve in giving back to the community.



Creating Opportunities for the Un-Banked

CITI-PPAF Entrepreneurship Awards

The Annual Citi - PPAF Micro Entrepreneurship Awards highlight and acknowledge the performance of the Microfinance sector. It appreciates the work of borrowers who are able to bring a significant change to their lives after receiving microfinance loans. It also serves as a role model for others in their respective communities. The event is attended by a large number of people from the microfinance sector and from all cross sections of society. The 2013 National Runner up and the Regional Runner up awards were won by two of the Khushhalibank's clients, Bache Singh from Mithi, Sindh and Huzoor Bukhsh from Balochistan.

The award winners acknowledged Khushhalibank's financial support and Business counseling through which they are now a role model for entrepreneurs all over Pakistan.



Nurturing Entrepreneurial Talent

Our Clients

Khushhalibank, through its group-lending methodology develops an environment for decision-making, collective management, conflict resolution, gender balanced access to microfinance services and participation in development at the grass root level. Irshad Bibi, a resident of Bahawalpur is one of the 108,603 female clients being served by Khushhalibank. Well known and respected for her pottery work and beautifully painted pitchers in the area, Irshad's work is not only appreciated at the town level but dealers from main Bahawalpur City are buyers of her products. She is a role model for other women who have the potential to use their skills to improve their livelihood and break the circle of poverty.

"Deciding to start a business was easy, but arranging initial financial resources for purchasing equipment and raw material was the real challenge for me", Irshad remembers the plight. Regretted by various relatives for provisioning of loan, she took advice from an elder of her village about any bank providing such facility. It is a daunting task for a woman with no formal education to approach a Bank as loan processes are usually cumbersome. However, she was delighted that Khushhalibank in her area not only accepted her loan request but also provided her up to date entrepreneurship counseling throughout the process of setting up the business.





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Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Rayomond H. Kotwal

Chairman/Director

Ghalib Nishtar

President / Director

Zakir Mehmood

Director

Syed Javed

Director

Lisa Gayle Thomas

Director

Geert Peetermans

Director

Peter Kooi

Director

Board Committees

Audit Committee:

Geert Peetermans

Chair

Rayomond H. Kotwal

Member

Lisa Gayle Thomas Aamir Shakoor Khan

Member Secretary

Risk Management Committee

Syed Javed

Chair

Geert Peetermans

Member

Peter Kooi

Member

Lubna Azam Tiwana

Secretary

Human Resource and Compensation Committee

Lisa Gayle Thomas

Chair

Syed Javed

Member

Peter Kooi

Member

Wajid Ali

Secretary

Chief Financial Officer

Saleem Akhtar Bhatti

Company Secretary & Legal Counsel

Sarah Anjum

Share Registrar

Central Depository Company of Pakistan CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S.,

Main Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi - 74400. Tel: +92 21 111 111 500

Fax: +92 21 343 26031

Internet: www.cdcpakistan.com

Auditors

A. F. Ferguson & Co.

Chartered Accountants

3rd Floor, PIA Building

49 Blue Area, Fazal-ul-Hag Road

Islamabad

Tel: +92 51 227 3457-60

Fax: +92 51 227 7924

E-mail: ferguson@nayatel.pk

Legal Advisors

Samdani & Qureshi

32-A. Street 38

Main Nazimuddin Road

Sector F-10/4 Isalmabad.

Tel: +92 51 211 1595-8

Fax: +92 51 210 8011

E-mail: fgureshi@samdanigureshi.com

Tax Advisors

Ernst & Young Ford Rhodes Sidat Hyder & Co.

Chartered Accounts

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Fazlul Haq Road

Blue Area, Islamabad

Tel: +92 51 287 0290-92

Fax: +92 51 287 0293

Internet: www.ey.com/pk

Head Office

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PO Box 3111

Islamabad - Pakistan.

Tel: +92 51 111 092 092

Fax: +92 51 920 6080

Internet: www.khushhalibank.com.pk

President's Report 2013

Overview

Pakistan's microfinance landscape continues to evolve with greater diversity amongst the players in the market, innovation in terms of products, services and deliver channels, partnership marketing and a beginning of market segmentation and sector level sustainability.

From 2008 onward the sector grew steadily until recently when a new investors segment representing cellular network operators entered the market for branchless banking and alternative delivery channels. This combined with entry of some new players and acquisition of existing players set the pace for a more competitive environment.

New initiatives at the sector level witnessed the national roll out of the Micro Finance-Credit Information Bureau which captures the information for both bank & non-bank Microfinance Institutions and initiatives for financial literacy, consumer protection and transparency within the sector.

The growth in terms of outreach in 2013 was positive, led by aggregation of retail deposits and the year under review carries on with the same trends set last year with the value of savings increasing 38% in 2013 and number of savers going up 24% for the sector. Combined credit outreach of the sector increased to 2.83 million active borrowers while gross loan portfolio rose by about 36% to PKR 52 billion from PKR 38.2 billion in 2012.

The year under review reinforced KBL as the leading MFB in Pakistan with a dominant market share. KBL's performance in servicing a wide and diverse customer base across the country and financial performance is not just an evidence of KBL's premiership but a clear sign of the growing microfinance sector in Pakistan.

The regulatory environment continues to be supportive providing a greater space to the Microfinance Bank's to transcend into the microenterprise segment of the market which despite being a public policy priority has been neglected by the financial sector at large. While this brings new challenges, there are opportunities as well and Khushhalibank as part of its transformation strategy is well positioned backed by better understanding of market dynamics, experienced management, profitability trend and positive liquidity & leverage.

Performance Review: 2013

Khushhalibank achieved a profit after tax of Rs 363 million, which is 116% higher than last year of Rs 168 million. The increase in profit results from growth in balance sheet, improved non fund income and recovery of previously recognized bad debts.

Administrative expenses amount to PKR 1.5 billion which is

15% higher than last year. This increase was largely contributed by over 20% increase in employee's related costs as a consequence of a more competitive environment leading to market alignments and over 100% increase in bank charges owing to introduction of alternative delivery channels for KB's loan recovery and deposits. However, savings were visible in IT operations as well as deferral of ATM related costs, optimization of transport fleet resulting in lower vehicle running and maintenance costs, curtailment of printing, stationery and advertisement expenses due to vigilant monitoring.

Khushhalibank's balance sheet grew by 33% over December 2012 to PKR 13.2 and asset portfolio by 53% to PKR 8.9 billion in 2013 over PKR 5.8 billion in 2012. In pursuit of portfolio diversification, the new secured product launched in 2012 continued to grow in 2013 and secured portfolio stands at 24% (2012: 12%) as a percentage of total loan portfolio. Portfolio quality indicators show improvement vis-à-vis prior year as portfolio at risk exceeding 30 days stands at 0.8% (2012: 1.4%) of the total loan portfolio and net write-off was 0.9% (2012: 1.1%) at the year-end 2013. The growth in asset portfolio was primarily funded through retail deposits which increased to Rs 7.1 billion at zthe year-end 2013 as against Rs 4.0 billion in 2012.

Credit Rating

During the year, JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company Limited reaffirmed the entity rating of KBL at "A/A-1" (Single A/A-One) while the outlook has been revised to "Positive" from "stable" in the previous year.

Future Outlook

Khushhalibank seeks to leverage its strengths that include a strong geographic presence and the depth of outreach, extensive experience and insight into the bottom of the pyramid markets by transitioning to a commercially oriented Micro, Small & Medium Enterprise Bank.

While the bank continues to promote and build upon its core activities, key change initiatives which have been prioritized to drive the transformation program include the introduction of a new large loan product, expanding deposit base with a better product mix, the introduction of alternative delivery channels and process reengineering for greater productivity and efficiency.

Khushhalibank has moved from strength to strength in the last decade and has established a deep rooted relationship and bond with its customers. The increased franchise value in the niche market is expected to help Khushhalibank expand its business initiatives for growth and profitability to the institution and

President's Report 2013

prosperity to the client.

With optimism and hope for what lies ahead, I would like to thank our valued customers for their continued support and trust and on behalf of the management and the board assure our continuous efforts to provide better services and value to our customers. I would like to acknowledge and appreciate the effort of a committed management team and thank the members of the Board for their stewardship and valuable contributions over the year.

Ghalib Nishtar President

Highlights - 2013

		2013	2012	Change
Investments	PKR M	1,039	1,044	-0.5%
Gross Advances	PKR M	8,859	5,806	52.6%
NPLs	%	0.8%	1.1%	-28.5%
NPLs Coverage	%	147.2%	138.8%	6.0%
Advances - Net	PKR M	8,757	5,717	53.2%
Operating fixed assets	PKR M	275	313	-12.1%
Total Assets	PKR M	13,290	9,954	33.5%
Deposits	PKR M	7,133	4,041	76.5%
Borrowings	PKR M	2,746	3,010	-8.8%
Equity	PKR M	2,752	2,473	11.3%
Net Mark-up/interest income	PKR M	1,663	1,146	45.1%
Provision against NPLs	PKR M	169	285	-40.7%
Total non mark-up/ non interest income	PKR M	584	585	-0.2%
Total non-mark-up/ non interest expense	PKR M	1,540	1,327	16.1%
Profit Before Taxation	PKR M	538	120	348.3%
Profit After Taxation	PKR M	363	168	116.1%

Five years at a glance: 2009 - 2013

Indicator		2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Outreach						
Active Clients	Number	674,061	458,612	352,692	325,523	329,421
Active Borrowers	Number	409,010	364,138	352,962	325,523	329.421
Gross Advances	PKR M	8,859	5,806	4,274	3,722	3,360
Deposits	PKR M	7,133	4,041	1,677	1,000	190
Financial Performance						
Total Revenue	PKR M	2,677	1,926	1,542	1,471	1,318
Operating Profit/(Loss)	PKR M	350	(39)	(46)	70	(19)
Net Profit After Tax	PKR M	538	168	152	174	246
Return On Assets (ROA) *	%	1.8%	-0.5%	-0.8%	0.8%	-0.4%
Return on Equity (ROE) **	%	8.0%	-2.0%	-2.7%	2.6%	-1.3%
Operational Self Sufficiency (OSS)	%	114.8%	97.9%	97.1%	105.0%	98.6%
Financial Self Sufficiency (FSS)	%	107.8%	79.7%	68.8%	79.4%	70.8%
Productivity						
Borrowers per Staff	Number	178	154	163	150	165
Saver per Staff	Number	294	194	163	95	37
Personnel Allocation Ratio	%	30.9%	29.8%	31.8%	35.3%	32.3%
Risk						
Portfolio at Risk > 30	%	0.8%	1.1%	4.40%	3.90%	1.40%
Portfolio at Risk > 90	%	0.3%	0.4%	2.50%	0.90%	0.70%

ROA calculated as per CGAP Guidelines: Net operating income less taxes divided by average assets.

^{**} ROE calculated as per CGAP Guidelines: Net operating Income less taxes divided by average equity.

President's Report 2013

Review of Five Years Performance

In this section, key performance areas are briefly commented upon.

Outreach

Khushhalibank's main focus continues to remain on increasing access and outreach for the financial inclusion of the un-served populace of the country. The bank has increased its network to 110 branches (2012: 106), comprehensively covering the geographic spread of the country. The bank has grown its active borrower base by 24% over the past five year, servicing 409,010 active borrowers at the year-end 2013 (2012: 364,138). Supporting the drive of financial inclusion the bank increased its active depositor base from 205,962 depositors in 2009 to 674,061 active depositors in 2013.



The bank increased its asset footing from Rs 6.6 billion in 2009 to Rs 13.3 billion as of December 31, 2013. On a cumulative basis, the bank's asset base grew by 102% over the past five years. The main contributor to the growth remain KB's strong loan portfolio standing at Rs 8.9 billion as of December 31, 2013 against Rs 3.6 billion as of December 31, 2009.

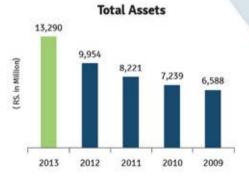
Advances

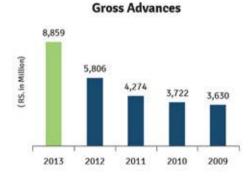
The core business line of KB grew from strength to strength in the last five years. From a loan portfolio base of Rs 3.6 billion in 2009, it grew to Rs 8.9 billion by December 31, 2013. KB's prime group lending product grew by 30% YoY to Rs 6.7 billion. Secured lending product representing 24% of the bank's GLP, grew by over 200% in the year 2013, giving the well-deserved boost to the total portfolio base. Along with the traditional products the bank introduced value chain financing and other products to attain a diversified product mix and strategically shifting the focus from purely micro/ group lending activities to a more financial inclusion based business, serving both rural/urban markets and group/individual customers alike.

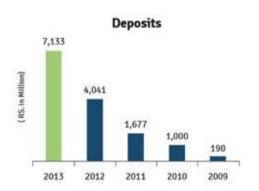
Deposit

After launching first saving product in 2008, the bank gradually increased its deposit base to Rs 7.1 billion in 2013 from Rs 190 million in 2009. KB's variety of products supported by its large network of full service branches was able to accelerate the liability drive started in 2008. The customer base today includes individuals, corporate bodies, funds and various financial institutions.





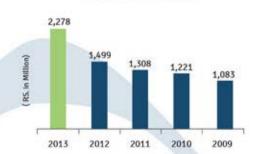




Fund Based Income

Markup from loan portfolio remains the major fund based income stream of the bank. Introduction of new products, revision in base line rates and steady growth in the portfolio resulted in reciprocal growth in markup income. From Rs 1 billion markup revenue in 2009 the bank earned Rs 2.3 billion in markup revenue.

Fund Based Income

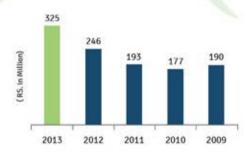


Non-Markup Income

Fee & Commission

Comprising of microcredit loan procession fee, commission and other charges on account servicing, this income stream is a vital part of KB's revenue pool. Loan processing fee represents 97% of the Fee & Commission income followed by other banking services which represent 3% of the aggregate amount.

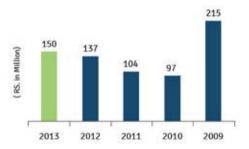
Free & Commission Income



Grant & Subsidies

Grants and subsidies continue to fall as a result of sustained operating strategy pursued by the bank. Ratio of grants and subsidies has declined favorably over the past few years reducing the chances of profit vulnerability of the bank.

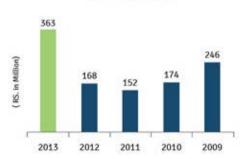
Grant Income



Profit After Tax

The bank has been producing steady profit over the years. Profitability trends were largely affected by the strategy shift to a self-sustained business, pursued by the bank after closure of the Asian Development Bank Program. The decline in grants and subsidies was countered by increased portfolio and services, with efficient and economic use or resources. The result of this synchronization is KB's profit of Rs 363 million for the year 2013 a 48% increase over the past five year.

Profit After Tax



Directors' Report to the Shareholders: 2013

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present the Annual Report of Khushhali Bank Limited (KBL or the Bank) for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Financial Highlights

Khushhalibank continues to lead the microfinance sector with a market share (active borrowers) of 19%. Khushhalibank achieved a profit after tax of Rs 363 million which is more than double of last year's profit of Rs 168 million. The return on average assets increased from 1.8% in 2012 to 3.1% in 2013 and return on equity improved from 7.0% to 13.9%.

Khushhalibank's pre-tax profit of Rs 538 million increased over four-fold from last year's profit of Rs 120 million. The increase in profit was a result of growth in balance sheet, improved non-fund income and lower provisions.



Resulting from improved product pricing, the bank's yield on earning assets improved by 2.4% over 2012; whereas cost of funds also increased by 1.2%, owing to the increase in minimum PLS savings rate and a higher proposition of term deposit as the Bank moved towards developing a stable deposit base. Consequently, the net interest margin in 2013 was up by 1.2% over 2012. Enhanced spread along with the balance sheet growth helped improve net interest income to Rs 1.7 billion, an increase of 45% over 2012.

Non-interest income comprising of fee and commission income increased from Rs 246 million in 2012 to Rs 325 million in 2013, an increase of 32% due to growth in the loan portfolio. Other income reduced by 24% to Rs 259 million as bad debts recoveries declined by Rs 107 million against 2012.

Provision against advances reduced to Rs 169 million in 2013 from Rs 285 million in 2012. Last year's provision included Rs 85 million on account of rescheduled portfolio affected by the rains in the province of Sindh in 2010.

Cost Management

Administrative expenses increased by Rs 0.2 billion to Rs 1.5 billion in 2013, an increase of 15% YOY. The main contributor to the increase in administrative expenses is employee related costs, which increased by Rs 141 million due to rationalization

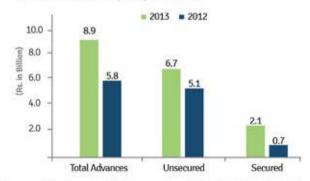
of employee pay scales and benefits, annual performance review and sales staff incentives directly attributable to higher business acquisition. Beside this, overheads increase of Rs 59 million were mainly impacted by increased energy costs, 4 new branches, provision of enhanced security for branches and the impact of IT infrastructure upgrade.

Balance Sheet

Khushhalibank grew its balance sheet by 33% YOY. Total assets increased to Rs 13.3 billion in 2013 against Rs 10.0 billion in 2012.



The Loan portfolio grew by 52% to Rs 8.9 billion in 2013 from Rs 5.8 billion in 2012. The Bank continues expansion of its secured portfolio to diversify the loan book and better risk management of the loan portfolio. Consequently, the secured loan portfolio of Rs 2.1 billion represents 24% of Khushhalibank gross loan portfolio as against 12% last year. Also, Khushhalibank continued to provide its core group lending product to the rural and urban markets by adopting a two tiered strategy whereby loan size average was increased in the performing branches and group lending was temporarily suspended in branches which were affected by last year's floods.



The growth of loan portfolio was primarily funded through retail deposits which swelled to Rs 7.1 billion at the end of 2013 over Rs 4.0 billion in 2012. In addition, the Bank also shed its borrowings and repaid Rs 100 million to Soneri Bank Limited and contractual obligation of Rs 363 million to Asian Development Bank (ADB).



Capital Adequacy Ratio

As of December 31, 2013 the Bank's capital adequacy ratio (CAR) is measured at 29% against 34% last year. The Bank's CAR was well ahead of the mandatory requirement of 15% as per the Prudential Regulations (PR) for Microfinance Banks.

Statement of Corporate Governance

The Bank has adopted good corporate governance practices and the Directors are pleased to inform that:

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the Bank present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- 2. Proper books of account of the Bank have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.

The results of operations under review are presented below;

	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
Profit After Tax	363,198,006	167,941,158
Re-measurement loss employment benefit obligation	(13,221,104)	
Un-appropriated profit brought forward	525,770,167	404,476,730
Transfer from reserve for contingencies	8,385,353	20,000,000
Tax impact on surplus on revaluation of assets	-	528,743
Profit available for appropriation	884,132,422	592,946,631
Appropriations		
Transfer to:		
Statutory reserve	72,639,601	33,588,232
Microfinance Social Development Fund	36,319,801	16,794,116
Depositors' Protection Fund	18,159,900	8,397,058
Risk Mitigation Fund	18,159,900	8,397,058
No. 1000 (1.5 (1.5 (1.5 (1.5 (1.5 (1.5 (1.5 (1.5	145,279,202	67,176,464
Un-appropriated Profit Carried Forward	738,853,220	525,770,167
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Credit Rating

During the year, JCR-VIS Credit Rating Company re-affirmed Khushhalibank's entity rating for medium to long term as "A" and short term as "A-1" with Positve outlook.

- The Bank has followed international accounting standards, as applicable to Banks in Pakistan, in the preparation of the accounts without any departure there-from.
- The system of internal control in the Bank is sound in design, and is effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no significant doubts about the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern.
- The Board has appointed the following three Committees with defined Terms of Reference:
 - · Board Audit Committee BAC
 - Board Human Resources & Compensation Committee - BHRCC
 - · Board Risk Management Committee BRMC

Meetings of the Board Committees

The number of board committee meetings attended during the year by each director is shown below;

Name of Director	Designation and Name of Committee	BAC	BHRCC	BRMC
Mr. Rayomond Kotwal	Director/Member BAC	4	050	959
Mr. Syed Javed	Director/Member BHRCC & Chair BRMC		4	4
Ms. Lisa Thomas	Director/Member BAC & Chair BHRCC	4	4	
Mr. Geert Peetermans	Director/Chair BAC & Member BRMC	4	140	4
Mr. Erik Peter Geurts*	Director/Member BRMC & BHRCC	120	1	1
Mr. Peter Kooi**	Director/Member BRMC & BHRCC	-7/	2	2
Mr. Ghalib Nishtar	President and CEO		4	4

Mr Erik Peter Geurts resigned as a Director with effect from March 15, 2013

^{**} Mr Peter kool was appointed as a Director with effect from July 12, 2013

Meetings of the Board

During the year under review, the Board of Directors met four times. The number of meetings attended by each director during the year and their eligibility is shown below:

Name of Existing Director	Designation	Meeting attended	Eligibility
Mr. Rayomond Kotwal	Chairman	4	4
Mr. Syed Javed	Director	4	4
Ms. Lisa Thomas	Director	4	4
Mr. Geert Peetermans	Director	4	4
Mr. Erik Peter Geurts	Director	1	1
Mr. Peter Kooi	Director	2	2
Mr Zakir Mahmood	Director	0	4
Mr. Ghalib Nishtar	President and CEO	4	4

Change in Directors

Mr Erik Peter Geurts resigned from the Board with effect from March 15, 2013. To fill the casual vacancy arising from the resignation of Mr Erik Peter Geurts the Board has appointed Mr Peter Kooi as Director on March 15, 2013 subject to the approval of SBP which was received on July 12, 2013.

The Board would like to place on record its appreciation to Mr Erik Peter Geurts for his contribution and services.

CGAP Compliant Reporting

The Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (CGAP), a consortium of international public and private development agencies housed at the World Bank, has issued two guidelines to enhance transparent reporting for microfinance institutions i.e. Disclosure Guidelines for Financial Reporting and Definitions of Selected Financial Terms, Ratios and Adjustments.

The Bank in its financial statements as on December 31, 2013 has complied with the above stated guidelines. The CGAP disclosures and ratios are presented in addition to the requirements of SBP BSD circular 11 dated December 30, 2003.

Pattern of Shareholding

The Pattern of shareholding of the Bank as at December 31, 2013 as required under section 236 of the Companies Ordinance 1984 is as follows:

No of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
2	1	5,000,000	5,500,000
2	5,000,001	20,000,000	30,165,033
3	20,000,001	35,000,000	84,206,439
1	35,000,001	65,000,000	50,628,528
8			170,500,000

Categories of Shareholders

Particulars	Number	Shares Held	Percentage
Individual	- 21	2	27
Joint Stock Companies		*	7 /2
Financial Institutions	4	86,128,528	51%
Others	4	84,371,472	49%

Shareholders holding above 10% of voting shares are

Shareholder	Shares
United Bank Limited	50,628,528
Habib Bank Limited	30,000,000
Rural Impulse Fund II S.A SICAV-FIS	29,849,631
Shorecap II Limited	24,356,808
Total Shares	134,834,967

Auditors

The present auditors of the Bank A.F.Ferguson and Co, Chartered Accountants retire and in pursuance of the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance 2001 become ineligible for re-appointment having completed a term of five years.

The Board of Directors, on the recommendations of the Board Audit Committee recommends BDO Ebrahim & Co Chartered Accountants as auditors of the bank for the next year in place of A.F.Ferguson and Co, Chartered Accountants.

Appreciation and Acknowledgement

On behalf of the Board of the Bank, I would like to express my sincere appreciation to the Government, the State Bank of Pakistan, the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan and other regulatory bodies for their continued support, to the shareholders and customers for their patronage, and to the employees for their commitment.

Rayomond H. Kotwal Chairman February 21, 2014

Auditors' Report To The Members



We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Khushhali Bank Limited (the Bank) as at December 31, 2013 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Bank's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 and the Companies Ordinance 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the management as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion, after due verification, we report that:

- In our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Bank as required by the Companies Ordinance 1984,
- b. In our opinion:
 - i) The balance sheet, profit and loss account and statement of comprehensive income together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the requirements of Microfinance Institution Ordinance, 2001 and Companies Ordinance, 1984 and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied except for changes as state in the note 5.9 with which we concur;
 - The expenditure incurred during the year was the purposed of the Bank's business, and
 - The business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Bank.

- c. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 and Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Bank's affairs as at December 31, 2013 and of the profit, total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d. In our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance 1980 (xviii of 1980), was deducted by the Bank and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under Section 7 of that Ordinance.

Chartered Accountants Islamabad: February 21, 2014 Engagement Partner: S. Haider Abbas

Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2013

	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	6	617,891,684	482,695,280
Balances with other Banks/ NBFIs/ MFBs	7	311,548,449	792,784,243
Lending to financial institutions	8	942,371,214	590,014,893
Investments	9	1,038,900,528	1,043,516,062
Advances - net of provisions	10	8,756,895,434	5,717,031,631
Operating fixed assets	11	275,183,756	312,592,222
Other assets	12	1,247,439,984	888,289,322
Deferred tax asset	13	99,425,493	126,692,458
Total Assets		13,289,656,542	9,953,616,111
LIABILITIES			
Deposits	14	7,132,919,239	4,040,646,992
Borrowings	15	2,746,106,352	3,009,835,832
Other liabilities	16	651,752,959	414,105,182
Total Liabilities		10,530,778,550	7,464,588,006
NET ASSETS		2,758,877,992	2,489,028,105
REPRESENTED BY:			
Share capital	17	1,705,000,000	1,705,000,000
Statutory reserve	5.11	281,144,239	208,504,638
Capital reserve	5.12	24,255,224	24,255,224
Reserve for contingencies	18		8,385,353
Unappropriated profit		738,853,220	525,770,167
		2,749,252,683	2,471,915,382
	19	3,235,008	1,161,785
Surplus on revaluation of investments			
Surplus on revaluation of investments Deferred grants	20	6,390,301	15,950,938

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The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

PRESIDENT

MEMORANDUM / OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR



	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
Mark-up/ return/ interest earned	22	2,278,272,669	1,499,355,808
Mark-up/ return/ interest expensed	23	615,348,050	353,449,395
Net mark-up/ interest income		1,662,924,619	1,145,906,413
Provision against non-performing advances	10.4	169,122,689	284,731,315
Net mark-up/ interest income after provisions		1,493,801,930	861,175,098
NON MARK-UP/ NON INTEREST INCOME			
Fee, commission and brokerage income	24	325,012,217	245,820,437
Other income	25	258,881,703	339,503,588
Total non mark-up/ non interest income		583,893,920	585,324,025
		2,077,695,850	1,446,499,123
NON MARK-UP/ NON INTEREST EXPENSES			
Administrative expenses	26	1,522,833,781	1,320,129,789
Other provisions	12	5,596,560	2,680,709
Other charges	27	11,313,441	3,903,042
Total non-mark-up/ non interest expense		1,539,743,782	1,326,713,540
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		537,952,068	119,785,583
TAXATION			
Current		141,717,168	8,637,649
Deferred		33,036,894	(56,793,224)
	28	174,754,062	(48,155,575)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		363,198,006	167,941,158
Unappropriated profit brought forward		525,770,167	404,476,730
Profit available for appropriation		888,968,173	572,417,888
APPROPRIATIONS:			
Transfer to:			
Statutory reserve	5.11	72,639,601	33,588,232
Microfinance Social Development Fund	5.14	36,319,801	16,794,116
Depositors' Protection Fund	5.14	18,159,900	8,397,058
Risk Mitigation Fund	5.14	18,159,900	8,397,058
		145,279,202	67,176,464
UNAPPROPRIATED PROFIT		743,688,971	505,241,424
EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	33	1.70	0.79

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

PRESIDENT

CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended December 31, 2013

	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
Profit for the year	363,198,006	167,941,158
Other comprehensive income - net of tax		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss		
Remeasurement loss on post employment benefit obligation Tax credit relating to remeasurement loss on post employment benefit obligation	(20,031,976) 6,810,872	
	(13,221,104)	-
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit and loss Total comprehensive income for the year	349,976,902	167,941,158

Surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of available for sale investments is presented below equity in accordance with the format of financial statements as prescribed under BSD Circular No. 11 dated December 30, 2003 issued by the State Bank of Pakistan.

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements

PRESIDENT

CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR



	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		537,952,068	119,785,583
Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortization Amortization of deferred grant Provision against non-performing advances Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets Write-off of operating fixed assets Markup on advances Interest on investments and deposit accounts Indirect cost charged to USAID Interest expense on borrowings and deposits Provision against other assets		101,883,405 (9,560,637) 169,122,689 (28,264,086) - (2,138,787,593) (139,485,076) (7,235,212) 615,348,050	77,505,934 (11,284,535) 284,731,315 (10,386,821) 541,963 (1,289,974,152) (209,381,656) (10,772,063) 353,449,395 2,680,709
Charge for defined benefit plan		5,596,560 46,759,090 (1,384,622,810) (846,670,742)	2,680,709 28,343,261 (784,546,650) (664,761,067)
(Increase)/ decrease in operating assets Advances Other assets		(3,208,986,492) 17,103,014	(1,834,649,491) (143,443,532)
Increase/ (decrease) in operating liabilities			
Deposits Other liabilities		3,092,272,247 8,930,927	2,363,636,504 46,955,438
Cash flow from operations		(90,680,304) (937,351,046)	432,498,919 (232,262,148)
Markup received on advances Interest received on investments and deposit accounts Indirect cost received from USAID Interest paid on borrowings and deposits Contributions to defined benefit plan Income taxes paid		1,738,879,770 144,363,894 13,683,163 (607,162,077) (40,811,130) (13,075,010) 1,235,878,610	1,181,737,467 220,428,061 5,558,291 (235,218,741) (34,074,643) (3,033,880) 1,135,396,555
Net cash generated from/ (used in) operating activities		298,527,564	903,134,407
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
(Investments in)/ encashments of available for sale securities - net Purchase of operating fixed assets Sale proceeds against disposal of operating fixed assets Net cash (outflow)/ inflow from investing activities		7,729,700 (67,429,578) 31,218,725 (28,481,153)	(98,482,320) (191,841,157) 12,761,004 (277,562,473)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Borrowings/ (repayments) during the year - net Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	29	(263,729,480) 6,316,931 1,865,494,416 1,871,811,347	(947,791,584) (322,219,650) 2,187,714,066 1,865,494,416
The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral nart of these fit			

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

PRESIDENT

CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR

khushhalibanklimited

Note	Share capital	Statutory reserve	Capital reserve	Reserve for contingencies	Unappropriated profit	Total
			Rupees		- Ashilios	Rupees
	1,705,000,000	174,916,406	24,255,224	28,385,353	404,476,730	2,337,033,713
					167,941,158	167,941,158
	3			V 50	167,941,158	167,941,158
18	2			(20,000,000)	20,000,000	.*.
	12	33,588,232	14	100	(33,588,232)	(4)
	82		11	140	(16,794,116)	(16,794,116)
	9	-	7	150	0.500.000.000.000	(8,397,058)
				1.53	The second second second	(8,397,058)
					528,743	528,743
	1,705,000,000	208,504,638	24,255,224	8,385,353	525,770,167	2,471,915,382
	7		2.1	15		363,198,006
						(13,221,104)
18	· ·		28	(8,385,353)	(8,385,353)	349,976,902
	192	72,639,601	15		(72,639,601)	
		- Contractive Cont	8	1. 64	(36,319,801)	(36,319,801)
	35		13	100	(18,159,900)	(18,159,900)
	32		G	7.0	(18,159,900)	(18,159,900)
	1,705,000,000	281,144,239	24,255,224	28	738,853,220	2,749,252,683
	18	1,705,000,000	1,705,000,000 174,916,406 18 33,588,232 1,705,000,000 208,504,638	1,705,000,000 174,916,406 24,255,224 1,705,000,000 208,504,638 24,255,224	1,705,000,000 174,916,406 24,255,224 28,385,353 1,705,000,000 208,504,638 24,255,224 8,385,353 1,705,000,000 208,504,638 24,255,224 8,385,353	Rupees 1,705,000,000 174,916,406 24,255,224 28,385,353 404,476,730 1,705,000,000 174,916,406 24,255,224 28,385,353 404,476,730 167,941,158 18 - (20,000,000) 20,000,000 33,588,232 - (33,588,232) (16,794,116) (8,397,058) (8,397,058) (8,397,058) (8,397,058) (8,397,058) (8,397,058) (13,221,104) 1,705,000,000 208,504,638 24,255,224 8,385,353 525,770,167 1,705,000,000 208,504,638 24,255,224 8,385,353 (8,385,353) (8,385,353) (8,385,353) (8,385,353) (8,385,353) (8,385,353) (8,385,353) (8,385,353) (8,385,353)

The annexed notes from 1 to 42 form an integral part of these financial statements.

PRESIDENT

CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR



1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Khushhali Bank (KB) came into existence with the promulgation of the Khushhali Bank Ordinance, 2000 as a corporate body with limited liability on August 4, 2000. It commenced its business with the issuance of license by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) on August 11, 2000. KB was established to mobilize funds for providing microfinance services to poor persons, particularly poor women for mitigating poverty and promoting social welfare and economic justice through community building and social mobilization with the ultimate objective of poverty alleviation.

In pursuance of the requirements of Improving Access to Financial Service Program (IAFSP) Agreement signed in 2008 between the Government of Pakistan (GOP) and Asian Development Bank, all microfinance institutions in Pakistan including KBwere required to operate under Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001.

Consequently, with the approval of SBP, the Khushhali Bank Limited (the Bank) was incorporated as a public limited company with the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and Certificate of Incorporation was issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 on February 28, 2008.

On March 18, 2008, SBPsanctioned a scheme for transfer of assets, liabilities and undertakings of KB into the Bank with effect from April 1, 2008, a microfinance institution licensed under the Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001.

In accordance with the scheme of conversion all assets and liabilities of KB were transferred to the Bank at their respective book values based on the audited accounts of KB as of March 31, 2008.

On June 4, 2012, a consortium led by United Bank Limited and comprising ASN-NOVIB Microkredietfonds (Triple Jump B.V), Credit Suisse Microfinance Fund Management Company (Responsability Global Microfinance Fund), Rural Impulse Fund II S.A. SICAV-FIS (Incofin Investment Management Comm.VA) and ShoreCap II Limited (Equator Capital Partners LLC) acquired 67.4% equity stake in KBL from a selling consortium comprising of eleven shareholders. In view of the changes in the shareholding, a new microfinance banking license was issued on November 19, 2012 by SBP to the Bank.

The Bank's registered office and principal place of business is situated at 94-West Jinnah Avenue, Blue Area, Islamabad. The Bank had 110 branches in operation as at December 31, 2013 (December 31, 2012: 106 branches) and is licensed to operate nationwide.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been presented in accordance with the requirements of format prescribed by the SBP Banking Supervision Department (BSD) Circular number 11 dated December 30, 2003. Additional disclosures have been presented in compliance with Microfinance Consensus Guidelines issued by Consultative Group to Assist the Poor (CGAP) July, 2003.

3. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as are notified under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 or directives issued by SECP and the SBP. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Microfinance Institutions Ordinance, 2001 or the requirements of the directives issued by SECP and the SBP shall prevail.

SBP has clarified that International Accounting Standard 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and International Accounting Standard 40, "Investment Property" are not applicable to the Bank. Accordingly, the requirements of these Standards have not been considered in the preparation of these financial statements.

3.1 New and Amended Standards and Interpretations

(a) New and amended standards adopted during the year by the Bank

The Bank has adopted the following new and amended IFRS, which became effective during the year, however the adaptation of these standards and amendments did not have any material effect on the financial statement.

Standard or Interpretation		Effective date (Annual year beginning on or after)	
IFRS 1	First-time adoption of international financial reporting standards	January 1, 2013	
IFRS 7	Financial Instruments – Disclosures	January 1, 2013	
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	January 1, 2013	
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements	January 1, 2013	
IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities	January 1, 2013	
IFRS 13	Fair value measurement	January 1, 2013	
IAS 1	Presentation of Financial Statements	January 1, 2013	
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment	January 1, 2013	
IAS 19	Employee benefits (Revised)	January 1, 2013	
IAS 27	Separate financial statements (Revised)	January 1, 2013	
IAS 28	Investments in associates and joint ventures (Revised)	January 1, 2013	
IAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation	January 1, 2013	
IAS 34	Interim Financial Reporting	January 1, 2013	

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Bank

Standard or Interpretation		Effective date (Annual years beginning on or after)	
IFRS 7	Financial Instrument: Disclosures	January 1, 2015	
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments	January 1, 2015	
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements	January 1, 2014	
IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities	January 1, 2014	
IAS 27	Separate financial statements (Revised)	January 1, 2014	
IAS 32	Financial Instruments: Presentation	January 1, 2014	
IAS 36	Impairment of Assets	January 1, 2014	
IAS 39	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	January 1, 2014	
IFRIC 21	Levies	January 1, 2014	

The management anticipates that, the adaption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations in future years, will have no material impact on the Bank's financial statements.

4. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified for obligations under employee retirement benefits, which are measured at present value and investments available for sale, which are measured at mark-to-market basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the use of certain accounting estimates and judgments in application of accounting policies. The area involving a high degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 5.27.

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

5.2 Sale and repurchase agreements

Securities sold under repurchase agreement (repo) are retained in the financial statements as investments and a liability for consideration received is included in borrowings. Conversely, consideration for securities purchased under resale agreement (reverse repo) is included in lending to financial institutions. The difference between sale and repurchase / purchase and resale price is treated respectively as return expensed and earned. Repo and reverse repo balances are reflected under borrowings from and lending to financial institutions respectively.

5.3 Investments

All purchases and sale of investments are recognized using settlement date accounting. Settlement date is the date on which investments are delivered to or by the Bank. All investments are derecognized when the right to receive economic benefits from the investments has expired or has been transferred and the Bank has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Investments are classified as follows:

Held for trading investments

These represent securities acquired with the intention to trade by taking advantage of short-term market/interest rate movements. These are measured at mark-to-market and surplus/ (deficit) arising on revaluation of 'held for trading' investments is taken to profit and loss account.

Available for sale investments

Investments which may be sold in response to need for liquidity or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices are classified as available for sale. Available for sale investments are initially recognized at cost and subsequently measured at mark-to-market basis.

The surplus/ (deficit) arising on revaluation of available for sale investments is carried as "surplus/ (deficit) on revaluation of assets" in the balance sheet below equity. The surplus / (deficit) arising on these investments is taken to the profit and loss account, when actually realized upon disposal.

On reclassification of aninvestment from the available for sale category, the investment is reclassified at its fair value on the date of reclassification. This fair value becomes its new cost or amortised cost, as applicable. For investments with fixed maturity, any gain or loss previously recognised in "surplus/ (deficit) on revaluation of assets" is amortized to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest method and if the investment does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss previously recognized in "surplus/ (deficit) on revaluation of assets" is recognized in profit and loss when the investment is sold or disposed off.

Held to maturity investments

Investments with fixed maturity, where management has both the intent and the ability to hold till maturity, are classified as held to maturity. Subsequent to initial recognition at cost, these investments are measured at amortized cost, less provision for impairment in value, if any. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account effective interest rate method. Profit on held to maturity investments recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the effective yield on the investments.

Premium or discount on acquisition of held to maturity investments are amortized through profit and loss account over the remaining period, using the effective interest rate method.

5.4 Advances

Advances are stated net of provisions for non-performing advances. Advances that are overdue for 30 days or more are classified as non-performing and divided into following categories:

a) Other Assets Especially Mentioned (OAEM)

Advances in arrears for 30 days or more but less than 60 days.

b) Substandard

Advances in arrears for 60 days or more but less than 90 days.

c) Doubtful

Advances in arrears for 90 days or more but less than 180 days.

d) Loss

Advances in arrears for 90 days or more but less than 180 days.

In addition the Bank maintains a Watch List of all accounts delinquent by 5 - 29 days. However, such accounts are not treated as non-performing for the purpose of classification / provisioning.

In accordance with the Prudential Regulations (the Regulations) for Microfinance Banks issued by SBP, the Bank maintains specific provision for potential loan losses for all non-performing advances net of cash and gold collaterals realizable without recourse to a Court of Law at the following rates:

OAEM: Nil
Substandard: 25%
Doubtful: 50%
Loss: 100%

In addition, minimum 1% general provision required under the Regulations is calculated on outstanding advances net of specific provision. However, general provision is not required in cases wherein loans have been secured against gold or other cash collateral with appropriate margin.

General and specific provisions are charged to the profit and loss account.

In accordance with the Regulations, non-performing advances are written-off one month after the loan is categorized as Loss. However, the Bank continues its efforts for recovery of the written-off balances.

Under exceptional circumstances management reschedules repayment terms for clients who have suffered catastrophic events and who appear willing and able to fully repay their loans. The classification made as per Regulations is not changed due to such rescheduling. The accrued markup till the date of rescheduling is received prior to such rescheduling.

5.5 Operating fixed assets

Capital work in progress

These are stated at cost less impairment loss (if any).

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, if any.

Depreciation is charged on the straight linebasis at rates specified in note 11.2 to the financial statements, so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives. Full month's depreciation is charged in the month of capitalization and no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Bank and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repair and maintenance are charged to income during the period.

Gains and losses on disposal of property and equipment are taken to the profit and loss account.

Intangible assets

An intangible asset is recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the enterprise and that the cost of such asset can also be measured reliably. These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any.

Intangible assets comprise of computer software and related applications. Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives at rate specified in note 11.3.1 to the financial statements. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefit embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognized in profit and loss account as incurred.

5.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life – for example, goodwill or intangible assets not ready to use – are not subject to amortization and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

5.7 Deposits

Deposits are initially recorded at the amount of proceeds received. Mark-up accrued on deposits, if any is recognised separately as part of other liabilities, and is charged to the profit and loss account over the period.

5.8 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognized, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realized or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

5.9 Employee benefits

Salaries, wages and benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Bank.

The Bank operates an approved funded gratuity scheme for all eligible employees completing the minimum qualifying period of one year of service. In accordance with the gratuity scheme eligible salary constitutes the basic salary for the service up till July 26, 2004 and gross salary for service thereafter which is paid to the employees on the basis of period in service. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually using the projected unit credit method. The present value of defined obligation is determined by discounting the estimated market yield on Government bonds and have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related liability.

Consequent to the revision of International Accounting Standard on Employee Benefits (IAS 19) which is effective for financial periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the Bank has changed its accounting policy on recording unrecognized actuarial gains / losses (component of re-measurement gains / losses) on employees' retirement benefit plans. As per the new policy, the re-measurement gains and losses are recorded immediately in Statement of Other Comprehensive Income (SOCI) and past service costs are recognized in profit and loss account in the year in which they arise.

Previously, actuarial gain and losses in excess of ten percent (10%) of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were recorded over the expected average future working lives of the employees participating in the scheme and past service costs were recognized on a straight line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The impact of this change is not material to the financial statements of the Bank and therefore the change has been applied prospectively.

5.10 Mark-up bearing borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at cost being the fair value of consideration received, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at original cost less subsequent repayments.

5.11 Statutory reserve

In compliance with the requirements of Regulation 7, the Bank is required to maintain a statutory reserve to which an appropriation equivalent to 20% of the profit after tax is made till such time the reserve fund equals the paid up capital of the Bank. However, thereafter, the contribution is reduced to 5% of the profit after tax.

5.12 Capital reserve

Pursuant to the Scheme of conversion, as explained in note 1 to the financial statements, the unappropriated profit of KB has been treated as Capital reserve of the Bank.

5.13 Reserve for contingencies

Reserve for contingencies was created against risk associated with assets comprising of advances, as a matter of prudence and to comply with the additional requirements of Asian Development Bank (ADB) for the first five years of KB operations which were completed on February 6, 2006.

5.14 Contributions

In compliance with the requirements of Regulation 8, the Bank contributes towards the following funds held by SBP;

Microfinance Social Development Fund: 10% of the profit after tax
Depositor's Protection Fund: 5% of the profit after tax

In addition to above the Bank also contributes 5% of its profit after tax to Risk Mitigation Fund being maintained with SBP in pursuance of the requirements of the sub-loan agreement with SBP.

5.15 Cash reserve

In compliance with the Regulations, the Bank maintains a cash reserve equivalent to not less than 5% of its time and demand liabilities in a current account opened with the State Bank of Pakistan.

5.16 Statutory liquidity requirement

The Bank maintains liquidity equivalent to at least 10% of its time and demand deposits in the form of liquid assets i.e. cash, gold and unencumbered approved securities.

5.17 Grants

Grants that compensate the Bank for expenses incurred are recognised in the profit and loss account as other operating income on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred.

Grants that compensate the Bank for the cost of an asset are recognized in the profit and loss account as other operating income on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

The grant related to an asset is recognised in the balance sheet initially as deferred income when there is reasonable assurance that it will be received and that the Bank will comply with the conditions attached to it.

5.18 Revenue recognition

Mark-up/return on advances is recognized on accrual/ time proportion basis, except for income, if any, which warrants suspension in compliance with the Regulations. Mark-up recoverable on non-performing advances is recognized on a receipt basis in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations. Loan processing fee is recognized as income on the approval of loan application of borrowers.

Mark-up/ return on investments is recognised on time proportion basis using effective interest method. Where debt securities are purchased at premium or discount, those premiums/ discounts are amortised through the profit and loss account over the remaining period of maturity.

Income from interbank deposits in saving accounts is recognized in the profit and loss account as it accrues using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses on sale of investments and operating assets are recognised in profit and loss account currently.

5.19 Borrowing costs

Mark up, interest and other charges on borrowings are charged to income in the period in which they are incurred.

5.20 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

The Bank leases certain property and equipment. Leases of property and equipment where the Bank has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Finance leases are capitalized at the lease's commencement at the lower of the fair value of the leased property and the present value of the minimum lease payments.

Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in other long-term payables. The interest element of the finance cost is charged to the income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The property and equipment acquired under finance leases is depreciated over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term.

5.21 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Bank becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are derecognized when the Bank ceases to be the party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost or cost, as the case may be.

Financial assets

Financial assets are cash and balances with SBP and NBP, balances with other banks, lending to financial institutions, investments, advances and other receivables. Advances are stated at their nominal value as reduced by appropriate provisions against non-performing advances, while other financial assets excluding investments are stated at cost. Investments classified as available for sale are valued at mark-to-market basis and investments classified as held to maturity are stated at amortized cost.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangement entered into. Financial liabilities include borrowings and other liabilities which are stated at their nominal value. Financial charges are accounted for on accrual basis.

Any gain or loss on the recognition and derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the net profit and loss for the period in which it arises.

5.22 Impairment - financial assets

A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original interest rate.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. All impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. For financial assets measured at amortized cost and the reversal is recognized in profit and loss account.

5.23 Off-setting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.24 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Bank are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Bank operates (the functional currency) which is Pak Rupees. The financial statements are also presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Bank's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the profit and loss account.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the profit and loss account.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available for sale are analyzed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortized cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortized cost are recognized in profit or loss.

5.25 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Bank has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as interest expense.

5.26 Exceptional items

Exceptional items are disclosed separately in the financial statements where it is necessary to do so to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the Bank. They are material items of income or expense that have been shown separately due to the significance of their nature or amount.

5.27 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain accounting estimates and assumptions. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Bank's financial statements or where judgment is exercised in application of accounting policies are as follows:

a) Operating fixed assets

The Bank reviews useful life and residual value of operating fixed assets on regular basis. Any change in estimates may affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of operating fixed assets with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge.

b) Provision for income taxes

The Bank recognizes tax liabilities for pending tax assessments using estimates based on expert opinion obtained from tax/legal advisors. Differences, if any, between the income tax provision and the final tax liability is recorded when such liability is determined. Deferred income tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences rverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

c) Staff retirement benefits

Actuarial valuation of gratuity contributions requires use of certain assumptions related to future periods including increase in remuneration, expected long term return on plan assets and the discount rate used to convert future cash flows to current values. Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in actuarial assumptions in excess of the corridor limit as defined in IAS 19 are taken in the profit and loss account over the expected average remaining service life of employees.

d) Classification of investments

The classification of investments between different categories depends upon management's intentions to hold those investments. Any change in the classification of investments may affect their carrying amounts with a corresponding effect on the return and unrealized surplus/(deficit) on these investments.

e) Provision against advances

The Bank maintains a provision against advances as per the requirements of the Regulations and assesses the adequacy of provision against delinquent portfolio. Any change in the criteria/rate for provision may affect the carrying amount of the advances with a corresponding effect on the markup/interest earned and provision charge.

f) Provision and contingent liabilities

The management exercises judgment in measuring and recognizing provisions and exposures to contingent liabilities related to pending litigations or other outstanding claims. Judgment is necessary in assessing the likelihood that a pending claim will succeed, or a liability will arise, and to quantify the possible range of the financial settlement. Because of inherent uncertainty in this evaluation process, actual losses may be different from the originally estimated provision.

		Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
6.	CASH AND BALANCES WITH SBP AND NBP			
	Cash in hand Local currency		372,773,152	330,400,374
	Balances with State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) in: Local currency current accounts	6.1	243,218,245	149,504,618
	Balances with National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) in: Local currency current accounts Local currency deposit accounts	6.2	904,357 995,930	1,282,266 1,508,022
			1,900,287	2,790,288
			617,891,684	482,695,280

- 6.1 This represents balance held with SBP to meet the requirement of maintaining minimum balance equivalent to 5% (2012: 5%) of the Bank's time and demand deposits with a tenure of less than one year, in accordance with regulation 6A of the Regulations.
- 6.2 This represents balances held in savings accounts carrying interest at the rate of 6% (2012: 6%) per annum.

		Note	Rupees	Rupees
7.	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS/ NBF	FIS/ MFBS		
	In Pakistan Local currency current accounts		277,708,189	289,945,166
	Local currency deposit accounts	7.1	33,840,260	502,839,077
			311,548,449	792,784,243

7.1 This represents balances held in savings accounts carrying interest at rates ranging from 6% to 8% (2012: 6% to 8.5%) per annum and Term Deposit Receipts (TDRs) amounting to nil (2012: Rs 200 million carried interest at the rate of 9.65% per annum).

		Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
8.	LENDING TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS			
	Repurchase agreement lending (reverse repo)	8.1	942,371,214	590, 014, 893
	Clean lending Provision for impairment	8.2	100,000,000 (100,000,000)	100,000,000 (100,000,000)
			942,371,214	590, 014, 893

- 8.1 This represents reverse repo carrying interest at rates ranging from 9.85% to 10.20% (2012: 6.5% to 9.2%) per annum maturing by January 10, 2014 (2012: by January 4, 2013).
- 8.1.1 Securities held as collateral against lending to financial institutions reverse repo

	2013		2012			
	Held by Bank	Further given as collateral	Total	Held by Bank	Further given as collateral	Total
		Rupees			Rupees	
Market Treasury Bills (T-Bills)	951,000,000		951,000,000	609,000,000	7	609,000,000

8.2 This represents amount placed with Innovative Investment Bank Limited - IIBL (formerly Innovative Housing Finance Limited (IHFL) and Crescent Standard Investment Bank Limited). The amount was initially given as a clean lending and then rolled over on maturity dates due to liquidity problems of IIBL. On June 30, 2007, the Bank entered into an agreement with IIBL under which the principal amount was restructured for a period of seven years, with two years grace period, from the date of the agreement. Pursuant to the agreement, the principal was repayable by IIBL in 10 equal biannual installments, starting from December 31, 2009. IIBL was also required to pay markup on quarterly basis at the rate of 5% per annum calculated on the outstanding principal after the expiry of the grace period. On the due date of the first installment, IIBL defaulted its payment due to liquidity problems. IIBL was unable to meet equity requirements as per NBFC's Regulations 2008 after which the SECP filed its winding up petition in the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC). The LHC appointed official liquidator of IIBL which has undertaken the process of liquidation and distribution of the assets in accordance with the law. The Bank is carrying full provision against this on the advice of SBP.

9.	INVESTMENTS	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Available for sale securities			
	Federal Government securities Market Treasury Bills (T-Bills) Other investments	9.1	833,999,000	1,041,728,700
	Mutual funds	9.2	200,000,000	
			1,033,999,000	1,041,728,700
	Net surplus on revaluation of available for sale securities	9.3	4,901,528	1,787,362
			1,038,900,528	1,043,516,062

- 9.1 This represents T-bills ranging from 84 days to 364 days (2012: 84 days to 364 days) carrying interest at rates ranging from 9.34% to 9.82% (2012: 9.13% to 11.59%) per annum.
- 9.2 This represents units held in UBL Liquidity Plus Fund and NAFA Money Market Fund as tabulated below:

	UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	NAFA Money Market Fund
Units purchased	996,143	9,984,424
Bonus units	46,434	131,407
Units held at year end	1,042,577	10,115,831
Purchase price per unit	100.3872	10.0156
Market price per unit at year end	100.5746	10.0096

9.3 In accordance with Regulation 12C, available for sale securities have been valued on mark-to-market basis and the resulting surplus/ (deficit) is kept in a separate account titled 'surplus on revaluation of investments' and is shown below the shareholders' equity in the balance sheet.

10. ADVANCES - NET OF PROVISIONS

		20	13	2012		
Loan type	Note	Number of loans outstanding	Amount outstanding	Number of loans outstanding	Amount outstanding	
Micro credit			Rupees		Rupees	
Secured		30,782	2,149,053,379	8,642	671,892,456	
Unsecured	10.1	378,228	6,692,638,835	355,496	5,133,683,086	
Less: Provisions held		409,010	8,841,692,214	364,138	5,805,575,542	
Specific provision General provision	10.2	4,608 377,687	(19,806,589)	5,424	(17,223,387)	
General provision	10.2	311,001	(82,703,240)	354,305	(71,320,524)	
			(102,509,829)		(88,543,911)	
Microcredit advances - net of provisions			8,739,182,385		5,717,031,631	
Staff loans - secured	10.9	220	17,713,049		- 23	
Advances - net of provision		409,230	8,756,895,434	364,138	5,717,031,631	

- 10.1 This includes rescheduled micro credit advances having aggregate amount of Rs 0.29 million (2012: Rs 18.45 million) related to branches affected from flood/rain.
- 10.2 General provision is maintained at the rate of 1.23% of micro credit advances othan than those secured against gold and cash collaterals net of specific provision. This includes provision amounting to Rs 15.51 million (2012: Rs 20 million) against unsecured micro credit advances in addition to the minimum requirements of Prudential Regulations to prudently manage credit risk of the Bank.

10.3 Particulars of non-performing advances

Advances include Rs 69.65 million (2012; Rs 63.79 million) which, as detailed below, have been placed under non-performing status.

		2013			2012		
Category of classification	Amount outstanding	Provisions required	Provisions held	Amount outstanding	Provisions required	Provisions held	
		Rupees			Rupees		
OAEM	31,785,867			32,590,100	(32	
Sub-standard	12,982,261	2,913,170	2,913,170	10,849,525	2,712,381	2,712,381	
Doubtful	15,429,442	7,439,658	7,439,658	11,675,339	5,837,669	5,837,669	
Loss	9,453,761	9,453,761	9,453,761	8,673,337	8,673,337	8,673,337	
	69,651,331	19,806,589	19,806,589	63,788,301	17,223,387	17,223,387	

10.4 Particulars of provisions against non-performing advances

	2013			2012		
	Specific	General	Total	Specific	General	Total
		Rupees			Rupees	
Balance at beginning of the year	17,223,387	71,320,524	88,543,911	21,718,887	84,970,035	106,688,922
Provision charge for the year	157,739,973	11,382,716	169,122,689	298,380,826	(13,649,511)	284,731,315
Advances written off against	(155,156,771)	-	(155,156,771)	(302,876,326)		(302,876,326)
provision Balance at end of the year	19,805,589	82,703,240	102,509,829	17,223,387	71,320,524	88,543,911

10.5	Particulars of write offs	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Against provisions		
	Related to rescheduled advances	11,694,184	124,567,731
	Related to other classified advances	143,462,587	178,308,596
		155,156,771	302,876,326

10.6 Portfolio quality report

The Bank's main measure of loan delinquency is an aged portfolio-at-risk ratio. Loans are separated into classes depending on the number of days they are over-due. For each of such class of loan, the outstanding principal balance of such loan class is divided by the outstanding principal balance of the gross loan portfolio before deducting allowance for non-performing advances. Loans are considered overdue if any payment has fallen due and remained unpaid. Loans payment are applied first to any interest due, then to any installment of principal that is due but unpaid, beginning with the earliest such installment. The number of days of delay is based on the due date of the earliest loan installment that has not been fully paid. Late payment surcharge/ penalty on overdue advances is not added to principal.

	2	2013		012
	Amount Rupees	Portfolio at Risk	Amount Rupees	Portfolio at Risk
Normal Loans			2	
Current	8,742,432,436	(8)	5,689,957,819	16
1 - 29 days late	29,309,947	0.33%	36,332,706	0.63%
30 - 59 days late	31,785,867	0.36%	30,683,010	0.53%
60 - 89 days late	12,982,261	0.15%	10,157,244	0,17%
90 - 179 days late	15,429,442	0.17%	11,334,161	0.20%
More than 179 days late	9,453,761	0.11%	8,663,337	0.15%
	8,841,393,714	1.12%	5,787,128,277	1.68%

	21	013	2012		
Rescheduled loans	Amount Rupees	Portfolio at Risk	Amount Rupees	Portfolio at Risk	
Current	236,855		11,068,052		
1 - 29 days late	61,645	0.00%	4,428,664	0.08%	
30 - 59 days late	-	0.00%	1,907,082	0.03%	
60 - 89 days late	2)	0.00%	692,289	0.01%	
90 - 179 days late	5	0.00%	341,178	0.0196	
More than 179 days late		0.00%	10,000	0.00%	
	298,500	0.00%	18,447,265	0.13%	
Total	8,841,692,214	1.12%	5,805,575,542	1.81%	

10.7 Current Recovery Ratio

The Bank measures loan delinquency using a current recovery ratio. The numerator of this ratio is total cash receipts of principal and mark-up during the reporting period (including advance receipts and late receipts). The denominator is total payments of principal and interest that fell due for the first time during the reporting period, as per the terms of the original loan contract (regardless of any subsequent negotiations). Penalty interest is not included in the numerator or denominator of the ratio.

	Current Re	covery Ratio
	2013	2012
1st quarter	126.1%	122.1%
2nd quarter	138.3%	121.8%
3rd quarter	154.9%	158.8%
4th quarter	107.7%	141.6%
January - December	121.0%	131.2%

Annual loss rate for the year is 0% (2012: 0%) computed using the following formula. The actual loss rate is below 0% due to early repayments of principal outstanding.

ALR = (1 - CR) / T x 2 where: ALR is the annual loss rate

CR is the collection rate in decimal form

T is the loan term expressed in years

10.8 Loan loss allowance

		20:	13			2012		
	Outstanding	loan portfolio	Allowance	for loan loss	Outstanding	loan portfolio	Allowance	for loan loss
Normal loans	Share of total	Rupees	Share of total	Rupees	Share of total	Rupees	Share of total	Rupee
Current 1 - 29 days late 30 - 59 days late 60 - 89 days late 90 - 179 days late More than 179 days late	98.9% 0.3% 0.4% 0.1% 0.2% 0.1%	8,742,432,436 29,309,947 31,785,867 12,982,261 15,429,442 9,453,761	14.7% 37.6% 47.7%	2,913,170 7,439,658 9,453,761	98.0% 0.6% 0.5% 0.2% 0.2% 0.2%	5,689,957,819 36,332,706 30,683,010 10,157,244 11,334,161 8,663,337	14.7% 32.9% 50.3%	2,539,308 5,667,080 8,663,337
Rescheduled loans								
Current 1 - 29 days late 30 - 59 days late 60 - 89 days late 90 - 179 days late More than 179 days late	0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	236,855 61,645 8,841,692,214	100%	19,806,589	0.2% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	11,068,052 4,428,664 1,907,082 692,289 341,178 10,000 5,805,575,542	1.0% 1.0% 0.1%	173,073 170,589 10,000

10.9 This represents general purpose loans to employees of the Bank carrying interest at the rate of 10% (2012: nil) per annum. These loans are secured against employees' accrued terminal benefits.



11.1 Capital work-in-progress

This represents advances to suppliers for development of various software modules and purchase of operating fixed assets.

11.2 Property and equipment

	Furniture and fixtures	Electrical and office equipment	Computer equipment	Vehicles	Total
Cost			Rupees		
Balance as at January 1, 2012 Additions Disposals Write-off	121,981,810 36,852,950 (2,524,168) (900, 998) 155,309,594	139,133,142 47,738,358 (741,693) (1,063,206) 185,066,601	144,585,863 38,635,801 (5,656,490)	181,361,832 5,524,210 (14,255,434) 172,630,608	587,062,647 128,751,319 (23,277,785) (1,964,204) 690,571,977
Balance as at December 31, 2012	200,000,004	100,000,001	arripopiar4	212,030,000	03012(41371
Balance as at January 1, 2013 Additions Disposals	155,309,594 8,831,465 (3,397,662)	185,066,601 25,167,240 (15,166,168)	177,565,174 8,735,421 (4,323,756)	172,630,608 18,612,319 (40,486,779)	690,571,977 61,346,445 (63, 374,365)
Balance as at December 31, 2013	160,743,397	195,067,673	181,976,839	150,756,148	688,544,057
Depreciation					
Balance as at January 1, 2012 Depreciation charge Disposals Write-off	47,753,346 13,447,760 (1,350,663) (460,850)	82,807,527 22,822,958 (716,865) (961,391)	102,850,444 27,943,604 (5,656,332)	179,206,407 2,593,225 (13,179,742)	412,617,724 66,807,547 (20,903,602) (1,422,241)
Balance as at December 31, 2012	59,389,593	103,952,229	125,137,716	168,619,890	457,099,428
Balance as at January 1, 2013 Depreciation charge Disposals Balance as at December 31, 2013	59,389,593 14,893,613 (2,078,095) 72,205,111	103,952,229 28,973,212 (14,650,887) 118,274,554	125,137,716 26,360,421 (4,320,785) 147,177,352	168,619,890 4,498,045 (39,369,959) 133,747,976	457,099,428 74,725,291 (60,419,726) 471,404,993
Carrying value	95,920,001	81,114,372	52,427,458	4,010,718	233,472,549
2013	88,538,286	76,793,119	34,799,487	17,008,172	217,139,064
Rates of depreciation per annum	10.00%	20.00%	33.33%	25.00%	

- 11.2.1 Cost for the assets as at December 31, 2013 includes Rs 88.28 million (2012: Rs 109.70 million) in respect of assets acquired from grant received.
- 11.2.2 The cost of fully depreciated property and equipment that are still in use is Rs 280.29 million (2012: Rs 318.32 million).
- 11.2.3 Detail of property and equipment disposed with the original cost or book value in excess of Rs 1 million or Rs 250,000 respectively, whichever is less, are as under:

	Particulars	Cost	Book Value	Sale Proceed	Mode of disposal	Particulars of purchaser
			Rupees			
	Vehicle	1,290,802	1,048,777	1,048,777	sale	Mr. Niaz Hingoro (Ex employee)
11.3	Intangible assets				2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Computer software					
	Cost					
	Balance at beginning of the year				104,720,156	51,102,766
	Additions				3,384,254	53,617,390
	Balance at end of the year				108,104,410	104,720,156
	Amortization					
	Balance at beginning of the year				(38,751,407)	(28,053,020)
	Amortization charge				(27,158,114)	(10,698,387)
	Balance at end of the year				(65,909,521)	(38,751,407)
	Carrying amount				42,194,889	65,968,749

- 11.3.1 Amortization is charged on straight line basis @ 33.33 % per annum, starting from the month the assetis available for use.
- 11.3.2 Cost of the intangibles as at December 31, 2013 includes Rs 25.48 million (2012: Rs 25.48 million) in respect of assets acquired from grant received.
- 11.3.3 The cost of fully amortized intangible assets that are still in use is Rs 25.27 million (2012: Rs 25.27 million).

		Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
12.	OTHER ASSETS			
	Mark-up accrued		899,387,927	498,559,503
	Suspended markup on non-performing advances		(12,187,907)	(11,267,306)
			887,200,020	487,292,197
	Interest receivable on investments and deposit accounts Loans and advances - unsecured		21,225,863	26,104,681
	Employees		70,675,025	73,979,206
	Suppliers		2,383,598	1,859,990
			73,058,623	75,839,196
	Deposits		1,997,290	1,951,240
	Prepayments		78,097,607	70,840,543
	Advance taxation - net			6,730,818
	Receivable from USAID		3,995,604	10,443,555
	Receivable from Microfinance Social Development Fund		119,295,593	193,581,856
	Insurance claims receivable		6,369,491	6,535,046
	Sales tax / federal excise duty receivable	12.1	52,815,692	6,592,178
	Other receivables		17,182,280	12,167,294
			1,261,238,063	898,078,604
	Provisions against doubtful receivables			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		9,789,282	8,093,893
	Provision charge for the year		5,596,560	2,680,709
	Receivables written off against provision		(1,587,763)	(985,320)
	Balance at the end of the year		13,798,079	9,789,282
	"Second and American Colored C		1,247,439,984	888,289,322
				ACCOUNT AND COME CANON

12.1 As explained in note 21.1, this includes Federal Excise Duty of Rs 34.27 million paid under protest to the taxation authorities.

13.	DEFFERED TAX ASSET	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Deferred tax assets arising on account of temporary differences in:		
	Operating fixed assets	12,587,767	18,356,520
	Provision against advances and other assets	39,544,689	34,416,617
	Provision against lending to financial institutions	34,000,000	35,000,000
	Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligation	6,810,872	//\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	Unused tax credits	24 - 25 - E	39,544,898
	Unused tax losses	8,148,685	
		101,092,013	127,318,035
	Deferred tax liability arising on account of temporary differences in:		
	Surplus on revaluation of assets	(1,666,520)	(625,577)
		99,425,493	126,692,458

		2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
13.1 Reconc	iliation of deferred tax		
	at the beginning of the year	126,692,458	69,996,068
(Reversa	l)/charge for the year in respect of:		
Opera	iting fixed assets	(5,768,753)	17,339,969
Provi	sion against advances and other assets	5,128,072	(91,643)
Provi	sion against lending to financial institutions	(1,000,000)	
Unus	ed tax credits	(39,544,898)	39,544,898
Unus	ed tax losses	8,148,685	2 2 2
Charge t	o profit and loss account	(33,036,894)	56,793,224
Charge t	o equity	(1,040,943)	(96,834)
Charge t	o other comprehensive income	6,810,872	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
	at the end of the year	99,425,493	126,692,458

13.2 The deferred tax asset recognized in the financial statements represents the management's best estimate of the potential benefit which is expected to be realized in future years in the form of reduced tax liability as the Bank would be able to set off the profits earned in those years against temporary differences.

Management has prepared strategic development plan of the Bank for five years using assumptions which are linked to various variable factors such as the economic outlook of the country, investment growth, interest rate movements, expansion in depositors / advances portfolio etc.

				2013	2	012
14.	DEPOSITS	Note	No. of accounts	Amount Rupees	No. of accounts	Amount Rupees
	flood denselts	000040	2,924	2,640,674,258	2,089	1,589,697,100
	Fixed deposits	14.2	17,127	2,661,417,108	7,831	758,618,217
	Saving deposits	14.3	654,010	1,830,827,873	448,692	1,692,331,675
	Current deposits		674,061	7,132,919,239	458,612	4,040,646,992
14.1	Particulars of d	eposits by	ownership			
	Individual depositor	s	672,898	4,457,879,071	457,617	3,041,945,911
	Institutional deposit	ors				
	Corporation/firms		1,154	1,876,541,485	989	696,408,536
	Banks/ financial in	stitutions	9	798,498,683	6	302,292,545
			674,061	7,132,919,239	458,612	4,040,646,992

- 14.2 This represents term deposits having tenure of 1 to 36 months (2012: 1 to 36 months) carrying interest at rates ranging from 6.00% to 14.00% (2012: 6.00% to 14.00%) per annum. This includes fixed deposits amounting to Rs 19.685 million (2012: Rs 7.625 million) on which lien is marked against advances to borrowers.
- 14.3 This represents savings accounts carrying interest at rates ranging from 6.00% to 10.85% (2012: 6.00% to 10.00%) per annum.

15.	BORROWINGS	Note	2013 Rupees	Rupees
	Unsecured			
	Borrowings from financial institutions outside Pakistan	15.1	2,546,106,352	2,909,835,832
	Secured			
	Borrowings from financial institutions in Pakistan	15.2	200,000,000	100,000,000
			2,746,106,352	3,009,835,832

15.1 This represents receipts/ reimbursements up to eighty percent (80%) of outreach loan disbursements against credit facility under the Subsidiary Loan and Grant Agreement entered between the Bank and the Government of Pakistan (GoP) in pursuance of Loan Agreement (Special Operations) - Microfinance Sector Development Project, Loan #1806 between Asian Development Bank (ADB) and Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

The Bank is liable to repay the principal amount of the loan to GoP, over a period of 20 years including a grace period of 8 years, commencing from May 1, 2009, through bi-annual equal installments. The principal repayable is the aggregate equivalent of the amounts drawn by the Bank from the loan account for sub-loan expressed in Rupees, determined as of the respective dates of the withdrawal, while the GoP shall bear the foreign exchange risk.

The interest is being paid on bi-annual basis charged at the rate equal to weighted average cost of deposits during the preceding six months in the banking industry as calculated by SBP. The interests rates used for the bi-annual payment during the year were determined to be 6.28% and 6.45% (2012: 6.29% and 6.47%) per annum.

15.2	Borrowings from financial institutions in Pakistan:	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund (PPAF)	15.2.1	200,000,000	
	Soneri Bank Term Finance Certificate 2	15.2.2	-	100,000,000
			200,000,000	100,000,000

- 15.2.1 This represents borrowings from Pakistan Poverty Alleviation Fund (PPAF) carrying interest rate ranging 8.06% to 10.56% (2012: nil) per annum. PPAF extended Rs 1,500 million financing facility, hypothecated against receivables created out of financing from PPAF. The Bank is liable to repay the principal amount to PPAF in 5 equal quarterly Installments after the expiry of one year as grace period. The Bank has drawn Rs 200 million up to December 31, 2013.
- 15.2.2 This represented interbank money market borrowing for three years carrying interest at rates ranging from 10.81% to 11.11% (2012: 13.70% to 13.75%) per annum and was repayable in four equal installments in the years 2013 and 2014. This borrowing was secured against 40% partial Micro Credit Guarantee Facility (MCGF) by SBP, charge over current assets of Rs 100 million and an undertaking to utilize funds for microfinance activities. The Bank repaid this borrowing on August 25, 2013 as a full and final settlement. Further, the Bank has unavailed financing facility from Soneri Bank amounting to Rs 300 million as at year end.

15.3	Quarterly average borrowing	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	1st Quarter		3,009,835,832	4,007,895,710
	2nd Quarter		2,988,425,940	3,866,772,270
	3rd Quarter		2,905,762,663	3,525,566,976
	4th Quarter		2,806,727,932	3,192,794,624
15.4	Loan repayment schedule			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		3,009,835,832	3,957,627,416
	Availed during the year		7,764,661,711	934,858,500
	Repayments during the year		(8,028,391,191)	(1,882,650,084)
	Balance at the end of the year		2,746,106,352	3,009,835,832
16.	OTHER LIABILITIES			
	Interest payable on borrowings		29,600,078	135,242,933
	Interest payable on deposits		166,780,827	52,951,999
	Accrued expenses		102,286,544	46,351,777
	Bills payable		24,296,276	27,758,462
	Payable to/ (receivable from) defined benefit plan - gratuity	16.1	24,706,735	(1,273,201)
	Contribution payable to			
	Microfinance Social Development Fund		36,319,801	16,794,116
	Risk Mitigation Fund		18,159,900	8,397,058
	Depositors' Protection Fund		18,159,900	8,397,058
	Taxes payable		121,911,340	-
	Payable to service providers		9,053,200	7,759,700
	Payable to suppliers		57,552,471	81,915,525
	Provision for workers welfare fund		18,842,733	8,083,692
	Withholding tax payable		1,915,230	580,270
	Other payables		22,167,924	21,145,793
			651,752,959	414,105,182

16.1 Payable to defined benefit plan - gratuity

		2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
Dis	closures related to employees gratuity fund are given below:		
a)	Amounts recognized in the balance sheet		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	197,631,664	162,305,721
	Fair value of plan assets	(172,924,929)	(171,442,120)
	Deficit / (surplus)	24,706,735	(9,136,399)
	Unrecognized acturial gains	an Mary Mari	7,863,198
	Balance sheet liability /(asset)	24,706,735	(1,273,201)
b)	Movement in net liability		
	Opening net liability	(1,273,201)	4,458,181
	Net expense recognized in profit or loss	46,759,090	28,343,261
	Remeasurement losses recognized in OCI	20,031,976	
	Contributions	(40,811,130)	(34,074,643)
	Closing net liability	24,706,735	(1,273,201)
c)	Changes in present value of defined benefit obligation		
	Opening defined benefit obligation	162,305,721	138,970,494
	Current service cost	32,604,862	29,294,001
	Past service cost	15,159,232	
	Interest expense	17,853,629	17,371,312
	Benefits paid	(54,511,130)	(27,537,893)
	Remeasurements - experience losses	24,219,350	4,207,807
	Closing defined benefit obligation	197,631,664	162,305,721
d)	Changes in fair value of plan assets		
	Opening fair value of plan assets	171,442,120	146,576,414
	Interest income	18,858,633	18,322,052
	Contributions	40,811,130	34,074,643
	Benefits paid	(54,511,130)	(27,537,893)
	Remeasurements - return on plan assets, excluding interest inome	(3,675,824)	6,904
	Closing fair value of plan assets	172,924,929	171,442,120
e)	Amounts recognized in the profit and loss account		
	Current service cost	32,604,862	29,294,001
	Past service cost	15,159,232	(2)
	Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	17,853,629	17,371,312
	Interest income on plan assets	(18,858,633)	(18,322,052)
		46,759,090	28,343,261
f)	Amounts recognized in other comprehensive income		
	Opening unrecognized acturial gains recognized during the year	(7,863,198)	
	Remeasurement losses for the year		
	Experience adjustments in present value of defined benefit obligation	24,219,350	-
	Return on plan assets, excluding interest income	3,675,824	-
		27,895,174	
		20,031,976	
			Maria Maria

		2013		2012	
g)	Major categories of plan assets	Rupees	Percentage	Rupees	Percentage
	Investments in T-Bills	171,823,670	99.36%	116,816,470	68.14%
	Accrued interest	994,566	0.58%	3,417,290	1.99%
	Cash at bank	106,693	0.06%	51,208,360	29.87%
		172,924,929	100.00%	171,442,120	100.00%

 The latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at December 31, 2013. The significant assumptions used for actuarial valuation are as follows:

	2013	2012
Discount rate - per annum	13.00%	11.00%
Salary increase rate - per annum	12.00%	10.00%
Mortality rate	SLIC 2001-05	EFU 1961-66

i)	Sensitivity analysis		Impact on defined	benefit obligation
		Change in assumption	Increase in assumptions	Decrease in assumptions
			Rup	ees
	Discount rate Salary rate increase	1% 1%	(19,846,476) 23,998,760	23,998,760 (20,171,425)

The above sensitivity analysis is based on changes in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of defined benefit obligation to significant acturial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity liability recognised within the statement of financial position.

The average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 11 years.

 Expected contribution of the Bank to the defined benefit gratuity fund for the year ending December 31, 2014 will be Rs 41.30 million.

17. SHARE CAPITAL

17.1 Authorized capital

2013 Number	2012 Number		Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
600,000,000	600,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs 10 each		6,000,000,000	6,000,000,000

17.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

170,500,000	170,500,000	fully paid for consideration other than cash	17.2.1	1,705,000,000	1,705,000,000
		Charles de lord and all	_		

Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each

17.2.1 The Shareholders of the Bank are as Follows:

	1,705,000,000	1,705,000,000
Soneri Bank Limited	25,000,000	25,000,000
Bank Al Habib Limited	30,000,000	30,000,000
Habib Bank Limited	300,000,000	300,000,000
Credit Suisse Microfinance Fund Management Company	132,855,310	132,855,310
ASN-NOVIB Microkredietfonds	168,795,020	168,795,020
ShoreCap II Limited	243,568,080	243,568,080
Rural Impulse Fund II S.A. SICAV-FIS	298,496,310	298,496,310
United Bank Limited	506,285,280	506,285,280

18. RESERVE FOR CONTINGENCIES

Purpose of this reserve is described in note 5.13 to these financial statements. An amount of Rs 8.385 million (2012: Rs 20 million) has been transferred during the year from reserve for contingencies to unappropriated profit to prudently manage credit risk of the Bank.

		Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
19.	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF INVESTMENT	S		
20.	Federal Government securities Surplus on revaluation of available for sale securities Deferred tax on surplus DEFERRED GRANTS		4,901,528 (1,666,520) 3,235,008	1,787,362 (625,577) 1,161,785
20.	DEFERRED GRANTS			
	Grant from GoP Accumulated amortization	20.1	251,589,232	251,589,232
	At the beginning of year Amortization for the year		(250,923,195) (323,525)	(250,558,812) (364,383)
	At the end of the year		(251,246,720) 342,512	(250,923,195) 666,037
	Grant from USAID Accumulated amortization	20.2	98,374,901	98,374,901
	At the beginning of year		(96,540,054)	(94,114,690)
	Amortization for the year		(742,324)	(2,425,364)
	At the end of the year		(97,282,378)	(96,540,054)
			1,092,523	1,834,847
	Grant from Shore Bank International Accumulated amortization	20.3	25,484,337	25,484,337
	At the beginning of year		(12,034,283)	(3,539,495)
	Amortization for the year		(8,494,788)	(8,494,788)
	At the end of the year		(20,529,071)	(12,034,283)
	<i>6</i> 3		4,955,266	13,450,054
			6,390,301	15,950,938

- 20.1 This represents grant from GoP for assets acquired for institutional strengthening of the Bank, under the Subsidiary Loan and Grant Agreement (SLGA) entered with GoP in pursuance of Loan Agreement (Special Operations) Microfinance Sector Development Project (MSDP), Loan #1806 between ADB and Islamic Republic of Pakistan. MSDP completed its tenure on June 30, 2007.
- 20.2 This represents grant received from USAID on September 30, 2003 under the program "developing non-bankable territories for financial services".
- 20.3 On September 24, 2010, the Bank entered into a two year grant agreement with Shore Bank International (SBI) to improve the capacity of the Bank for delivering saving products more effectively, profitably and at an enhanced scale. SBI provided financial assistance of USD 300,000 in the form of grant to the Bank, in order to procure and implement an banking application named Bank Essential (BE).

21. MEMORANDUM/ OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

21.1 CONTIGENCIES:

For the period January 2008 to December 2010, the taxation authorities issued an order to charge FED amounting to Rs 65.231 million on grants received by the Bank and non-withholding of sales tax on taxable purchases from suppliers not registered in Large Taxpayers Unit (LTU). In this respect a civil petition filed by the Bank is currently pending with the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan, against the order of the Honourable Islamabad High court wherein the Bank's appeal was dismissed in limine. Related to this matter, payment of Rs 34.226 million under protest is carried as receivable from taxation authorities as reflected in note 12.1 to the financial statements.

For the period January 2011 to December 2012, the Bank has also received two orders from Deputy Commissioner of Inland Revenue for non payment of FED of Rs 40.641 million on grants received by the Bank and Rs 2.778 million on non-withholding of sales tax on taxable purchases from suppliers not registered in LTU. The Bank has filed two rectification applications with DCIR. The Bank has also preferred an appeal before the CIR (Appeals) against the alleged order for 2011 which is pending for adjudication. Against the alleged order for 2012, the management intends to appeal before the CIR (Appeals) in due course.

Based on the tax counsel advice, the Bank is confident of a favourable outcome of the above cases therefore the management believes no provision is required there against.

21.2	COMMITMENTS:	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Capital expenditure		49,623,844	18,964,903
	Advances to customers, sanctioned but not yet disbursed		3,050,000	30,267,200
22.	MARK-UP/ RETURN/INTEREST EARNED			
22.			0.470.707.507	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Mark-up on advances Interest on investment in Federal Government securities		2,138,787,593	1,289,974,152
	Interest on deposit accounts/ placements with other		82,249,651	107,250,807
	banks/ financial institutions/ mutual funds		57,235,425	102,130,849
			2,278,272,669	1,499,355,808
23.	MARK-UP/ RETURN/ INTEREST EXPENSED			
	Interest on borrowings from:			
	Asian Development Bank		174,769,523	200,977,079
	Other financial institutions		17,991,922	49,015,212
			192,761,445	249,992,291
	Interest on deposits		422,586,605	103,457,104
			615,348,050	353,449,395
24.	FEE, COMMISSION AND BROKERAGE INCOME	:		
	Micro-credit application processing fee		316,384,477	238,425,292
	Other commission		8,627,740	7,395,145
			325,012,217	245,820,437
25.	OTHER INCOME			
	Amortization of deferred grant		9,560,637	11,284,535
	Indirect cost charged to USAID	25.1	7,235,212	10,772,063
	Recoveries from MSDF	25.2	140,423,400	125,223,800
	Gain on disposal of fixed assets	2017070	28,264,086	10,386,821
	Recoveries against advances written off		71,713,648	178,902,642
	Others		1,684,720	2,933,727
			258,881,703	339,503,588

- 25.1 This represents indirect cost charged to USAID for Tubewell Efficiency Improvement Replacement Program (TWEIP) @ 1.755% of total direct cost (2012: 1.755% of total direct cost for TWEIP).
- 25.2 This represents claims lodged by the Bank with Microfinance Social Development Fund (MSDF) to recover the new client acquisition cost incurred by the Bank under the Loan Agreement (Special Operations) Microfinance Sector Development Project, Loan #1806 between ADB and Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

26.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	Note	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Salaries, wages and benefits		667,938,241	556,389,701
	Charge for defined benefit plan	16.1	46,759,090	28,343,261
	Contract/ seconded staff expenses		144,984,484	133,788,713
	Consultancies		6,344,179	4,069,083
	Recruitment and development		5,370,482	6,425,883
	Training		11,377,804	14,010,272
	Rent and rates		120,022,269	109,461,432
	Insurance		38,919,526	27,802,957
	Utilities		59,680,071	54,933,009
	Legal and professional charges		3,817,005	3,301,908
	Communication		40,174,055	39,652,475
	Repairs and maintenance		34,096,514	39,782,002
	Printing, stationery and office supplies		52,738,350	56,391,139
	Advertisement		26,708,056	22,096,670
	Auditors' remuneration	26.1	1,495,000	1,300,000
	Depreciation	11.2	74,725,291	66,807,547
	Amortization	11.3	27,158,114	10,698,387
	Vehicles up keep and maintenance		91,809,038	96,185,596
	Travelling and conveyance		14,435,673	12,287,150
	Meetings and conferences		16,824,719	13,652,266
	Security charges		6,644,420	4,503,328
	Bank charges		26,942,528	13,151,738
	Newspapers and subscriptions		1,901,009	2,014,181
	Property and equipment written off			541,963
	Miscellaneous		1,967,863	2,539,128
			1,522,833,781	1,320,129,789
26.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		1,045,000	950,000
	Out of pocket expenses		450,000	350,000
			1,495,000	1,300,000

26.2 Administrative expenses are net of Rs 19,356,410 (2012: Rs 15,439,762) and Rs 2,376,636 (2012: Rs 1,759,383) charged to USAID and MSDF respectively in respect of projects implemented by the Bank.

07	OTHER CHARGES	2013	2012
27.	OTHER CHARGES	Rupees	Rupees
	Penalty imposed by State Bank of Pakistan	100,000	34
	Workers welfare fund	10,759,041	2,395,712
	Professional tax	454,400	1,507,330
		11,313,441	3,903,042
28.	TAXATION		
	Current - for the year	141,717,168	8,637,649
	Deferred - for the year	41,938,721	(2,098,820)
	- for Prior year	(11,409,631)	(54,694,404)
	- change in rate of tax	2,507,804	
		33,036,894	(56,793,224)
		174,754,062	(48,155,575)

28.1	Tax charge reconciliation	2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
	Profit before tax (Rupees)	537,952,068	119,785,583
		%	%
	Applicable tax rate	34.00	35.00
	Deferred tax relating to prior periods	(2.12)	(45.66)
	Tax exemption on account of tax holiday		(27.73)
	Permanent difference	0.14	(1.81)
	Rate change	0.47	
	Average effective tax rate charged to income	32.49	(40.20)

28.2 The applicable income tax rate was reduced from 35% to 34% during the year on account of the changes made to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 in 2013.

		2013 Rupees	2012 Rupees
29.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and balances with SBP and NBP	617,891,684	482,695,280
	Balances with other banks	311,548,449	792,784,243
	Lending to financial institutions	942,371,214	590,014,893
		1,871,811,347	1,865,494,416
30.	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2013	2012
		Number	Number
	Credit sales staff		
	Permanent	708	705
	Banking / support staff	<u> </u>	
	Permanent	732	789
	Contractual	853	874
		1,585	1,663
	Total number of employees at the end of the year	2,293	2,368
31.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
	Credit sales staff		
	Permanent	677	700
	Banking / support staff		
	Permanent	723	750
	Contractual	821	866
	The resource of the transfer o	1,544	1,616
	Average number of employees during the year	2,221	2,316
32.	NUMBER OF BRANCHES		
	Total branches at beginning of the year	106	109
	Opened during the year	6	
	Closed / merged during the year	(2)	(3)
	Total branches at the end of the year	110	106
	tweet eventualists of the event of the Jean		

33. EARNINGS PER SHARE

a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Bank by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year excluding ordinary shares purchased by the Bank and held as treasury shares.

	2013	2012
	Rupees	Rupees
Profit for the year after taxation	363,198,006	167,941,158
Microfinance Social Development Fund	(36,319,801)	(16,,794,116)
Depositors' Protection Fund	(18,159,900)	(8,397,058)
Risk Mitigation Fund	(18,159,900)	(8,397,058)
	(72,639,601)	(33,588,232)
Profit attributable to equity holders	290,558,405	134,352,926
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year $$	170,500,000	170,500,000
Earnings per share - basic (Rupees)	1.70	0.79

(b) Diluted

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Bank. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Bank has no dilutive equity instruments.

34. REMUNERATION PAID TO PRESIDENT, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

	2013				2012				
	President	Directors	Excu	tives	President	Directors	Excutives		
	President	Directors	KPMs	Other	Fresident	Directors	KPMs	Other	
		Rupe	es			Rupe	es		
Managerial remuneration	5,400,000		27,442,157	44,697,256	4,227,101		18,716,747	35,856,889	
Charge for defined benefit plan / gratuity	897,455	(4)	4,179,745	6,599,937	304,533	9	2,074,376	4,020,604	
Rent and house maintenance allowance	2,430,000	580	11,461,664	18,748,126	1,902,192	59	8,422,535	16,135,590	
Utilities allowance	1,080,000	1+1	4,564,788	7,392,125	467,707		1,871,678	3,585,713	
Medical allowance	540,000	523	2,634,468	4,333,342	273,363	100	1,294,258	4,255,368	
Conveyance allowance	429,431	4	6,580,999	18,297,987	398,278	- 1	4,892,424	15,279,579	
Bonus	-	3943	1,314,703	1,946,472	2,000,000		960,553	1,613,844	
Others	1,717,710	4,439,529	4,806,273	3,070,155		1,488,239	94,759	1,235,092	
Total	12,494,596	4,439,529	62,984,797	105,085,400	9,573,174	1,488,239	38,327,330	81,982,679	
Number of person(s)	1	6	11	52	1	6	. 7	54	

- 34.1 The President is also provided with a Bank maintained car.
- 34.2 Executives mean employees, other than the chief executive and directors, whose basic salary exceeds five hundred thousand rupees in a financial year.

35. SCHEDULE OF MATURITY DISTRIBUTION OF MARKET RATE ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2013

				1	
	Total	Up to one month	Over one month up to six months	Over six months up to one year	Over one year
Market rate assets			Rupees		
Advances	8,756,895,434	423,802,102	3,817,125,073	4,510,698,992	5,269,267
Investments	1,038,900,528	1,038,900,528	-		
Other earning assets					
Balances with SBP and NBP - deposit accounts	995,930	995,930			
Balances with other banks - deposit accounts	33,840,260	33,840,260	-		
Lending to financial institutions	942,371,214	942,371,214	849		
Total market rate assets	10,773,003,366	2,439,910,034	3,817,125,073	4,510,698,992	5,269,267
Other non-earning assets		1			
Cash in hand	372,773,152	372,773,152	>=	-	
Balances with SBP and NBP - current accounts	244,122,602	244,122,602	-	2	
Balances with other banks - current accounts	277,708,189	277,708,189		-	
Operating fixed assets	275,183,756	14,990,374	52,934,252	53,535,726	153,723,404
Other assets	1,247,439,984	72,126,024	614,357,341	505,722,322	55,234,297
Deferred tax asset	99,425,493	100		-	99,425,493
Total non-earning assets	2,516,653,176	981,720,341	667,291,593	559,258,048	308,383,194
Total assets	13,289,656,542	3,421,630,375	4,484,416,666	5,069,957,040	313,652,461
Market rate liabilities Large time deposits above Rs. 100,000 All other time deposits (including fixed rate deposits) Other cost bearing deposits Borrowings Total market rate liabilities	2,541,795,663 98,878,595 2,661,417,108 2,746,106,352 8,048,197,718	578,444,028 2,501,999 2,661,417,108 - 3,242,363,135	483,929,822 13,407,656 - 181,864,740 679,202,218	541,478,813 31,065,940 - 221,864,740 794,409,493	937,943,000 51,903,000 - 2,342,376,872 3,332,222,872
Other non-cost bearing liabilities Deposits Other liabilities Total non-cost bearing liabilities	1,830,827,873 651,752,959 2,482,580,832	1,830,827,873 216,891,750 2,047,719,623	239,791,836 239,791,836	143,271,848 143,271,848	51,797,525 51,797,525
Total liabilities	10,530,778,550	5,290,082,758	918,994,054	937,681,341	3,384,020,397
Net assets	2,758,877,992	(1,868,452,383)	3,565,422,612	4,132,275,699	(3,070,367,936)

36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

36.1 Interest rate risk

80 1044	INTEREST/MARK-UP BEARING							NON INTEREST BEARING		
	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year & up to two years	Maturity after two years & up to three years	Maturity after three years & up to four years	Maturity after four years & up to five years	Maturity after five years	Sub Total	Total	Total	Interest Rate
				Rupees				Rupees	Rupees	
The Bank's exposure to interest rate risk and the ef	fective rates on its fin	ancial assets and lia	ibilities as at Decemb	er 31, 2013 are summi	arized as follows:					
Cash and balances in current and other accounts Salance in deposit accounts ending to financial institutions investments devances other assets	34,836,190 942,371,214 1,038,900,528 8,751,626,167	5,269,267					34,836,190 942,371,214 1,038,900,528 8,756,895,434	894,603,943 - - 1,114,143,087	894,603,943 34,836,190 942,371,214 1,038,900,528 8,756,895,434 1,114,143,087	6.00 % to 8.00 9.85 % to 10.20 9.34% to 9.82 15.00% to 31.00
	10,767,734,099	5,269,267		-		7.	10,773,003,366	2,008,747,030	12,781,750,396	
Financial liabilities:							100000000000000000000000000000000000000			
Deposits and other accounts Borrowings Other liabilities	4,312,245,366 403,729,480	151,289,000 523,729,480	838,557,000 363,729,480	363,729,480	363,729,480	727,458,952	5,302,091,366 2,746,106,352	1,830,827,873 527,926,389	7,132,919,239 2,746,106,352 527,926,389	6.00 % to 14.00% 6.28 % to 11.11 %
	4,715,974,846	675,018,480	1,202,285,480	363,729,480	363,729,480	727,458,952	8,048,197,718	2,358,754,262	10,406,951,980	
On balance sheet gap Un recognized:	6,051,759,253	(669,749,213)	(1,202,286,480)	(363,729,480)	(363,729,480)	(727,458,952)	2,724,805,648	(350,007,232) (52,673,844)	2,374,798,416	
Commitments Off balance sheet gap	6,051,759,253	(669,749,213)	(1,202,286,480)	(363,729,480)	(363,729,480)	(727,458,952)	2,724,805,648	(402,681,076)	2,322,124,572	
The Bank's exposure to interest rate risk and the ef	Facility entire on the file	santal secute and the	Alltitus on at Bassach	- 74 2042 on summ	seland as follows:	(4, 504,000,000)				
Financial assets:	rective rates on its rin	anciai assets and na	tototies as at Decemb	er 51, 2012 are summ	arized as rollows:					
Trianical dosets: Jash and balances in current and other accounts Jalance in deposit accounts Lending to financial institutions Investments Advances Other assets	504,347,099 590,014,893 1,043,516,062 5,717,031,631	:					504,347,099 590,014,893 1,043,516,062 5,717,031,631	771,132,424 	771,132,424 504,347,099 590,014,893 1,043,516,062 5,717,031,631 802,265,793	6.0 % to 9.7 9 6.5 % to 9.2 9 9.1% to 11.69 15% to 299
Financial liabilities:	7,854,909,685		78	-	*3		7,854,909,685	1,573,398,217	9,428,307,902	
Deposits and other accounts Borrowings Other liabilities	2,116,931,317 388,729,480	91,476,000 438,729,480	139,908,000 363,729,480	363,729,480	363,729,480	1,091,188,432	2,348,315,3 17 3,009,835,832	1,692,331,675 413,524,912	4,040,646,992 3,009,835,832 413,524,912	5.0 % to 13.19 6.1 % to 15.2 9
	2,505,660,797	530,205,480	503,637,480	363,729,480	363,729,480	1,091,188,432	5,358,151,149	2,105,856,587	7,464,007,736	
		francos cont	(503,637,480)	(363,729,480)	(363,729,480)	(1,091,188,432)	2,496,758,536	(532,458,370)	1,964,300,166	
On balance sheet gap Un recognized: Commitments	5,349,248,888	(530,205,480)	(503,037,480)	(303,729,400)	(203/13/100)	(1)		(49,232,103)	(49,232,103)	

36.2 Market risk

The Bank's interest rate exposure comprises those originating from investing and lending activities. The Assets and Liability Management Committee of the Bank monitors and manages the interest rate risk with the objective of limiting the potential adverse effect on the profitability of the Bank.

36.3 Concentration of credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Bank is exposed to credit related losses in the event of non-performance by counter parties.

The Bank seeks to manage the credit risk by attempting to diversify the lending activities to avoid undue concentration of risks with customers in specific locations or activities. The Bank controls this risk through credit appraisals, assessing the credit-worthiness of customers. A provision for potential loan losses is maintained as required by the Regulations. Further, the community organizations are structured in a way to exert social pressure on the borrowers to perform their obligations.

36.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Bank will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its net funding requirements. The Bank attempts to manage this risk by having adequate credit lines in place and maintaining sufficient liquidity at branch level to meet anticipated funding requirements. As at year end, the Bank has unavailed/undrawn facilities for aggregate amount of Rs 1,600 million.

36.5 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values, except held to maturity assets which are carried at amortized cost.

37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Bank's related parties comprise of directors, key management personnel, shareholders, entities over which the directors are able to exercise significant influence and employee gratuity fund. The detail of Bank's shareholders is given in note 17.2.1 while remuneration of directors and key management personnel is disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements. Detail of transactions during the year and balances outstanding at the year end are as follows:

	2013	2012
	Rupees	Rupees
Transactions during the year		
- with shareholders		
Lending to financial institutions	13,154,122,648	15,050,331,596
Repayment of lending to financial institutions	12,886,263,679	16,210,947,975
Investments made during the year	736,065,000	551,103,300
Borrowings	2,502,874,388	299,944,876
Repayment of borrowings	2,611,322,736	599,954,136
Income		
Interest income on deposit account bank balances	2,314,559	10,480,119
Interest income on lending to financial institutions	17,478,583	19,744,514
Expenses		
Interest expense on borrowings	8,448,348	8,174,067
Bank charges	483,827	1,086,571
Branchless banking service commission	17,122,561	2,970,989
- with defined benefit plan		
Contribution to gratuity fund	40,811,130	34,074,643

	2013	2012
	Rupees	Rupees
- with others		
Receipts from MSDF	290,413,713	80,116,550
Balances outstanding at the year end		
with shareholders		
Balances with banks	105,823,690	119,054,964
Lending to financial institutions	284,949,098	
Investments	104,856,754	-
Interest receivable on lending to financial institutions	388,455	
Branchless Banking Services Commission Payable	1,797,636	1,053,095
Borrowings		100,000,000
Interest payable on borrowings		3,456,284
TDR placement	-	200,000,000
- with defined benefit plan		
Balance (receivable)/ payable to gratuity fund	24,706,735	(1,273,201)
- with key management personnel		
Advances - staff loans	2,401,957	\ .
Other assets - loans and advances to employees	10,982,207	5,526,118
Deposits	29,050	666,574
- with others		
Receivable from MSDF	119,295,593	193,581,856
Payable to MSDF	36,319,801	16,794,116

38. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Bank's objectives when managing its capital are:

- a) To comply with the capital requirements set by the SBP;
- To safeguard the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and
- c) To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

Capital requirements applicable to the Bank are set out under the Regulations. These requirements are put in place to ensure sufficient solvency margins. The Bank manages its capital requirement by assessing its capital structure against required capital level on regular basis. Currently, the Bank has paid up capital of Rs 1.705 billion. The minimum paid up capital requirement applicable to the Bank is Rs 1 billion. The Bank has maintained capital adequacy ratio in accordance with Regulation No. 4 which states that the Bank shall maintain capital equivalent to at least 15% of its risk-weighted assets.

The Bank will continue to maintain the required regulatory capital either through its risk management strategies or by increasing the capital in line with the business and capital needs.

GENERAL INFORMATION

The following information is included in these financial statements to facilitate the calculation of financial ratios

		2013	2012
Offices			
Number of full service branches		110	106
Number of full service branches		110	100
Micro-credit cases			
Number of active cases at year end		409,010	364,138
Number of loans disbursed during the year		450,540	392,958
Average number of active borrowers for the year		386,574	358,550
		2013	2012
		Rupees	Rupees
Microcredit advances receivable - Gross		8,841,692,214	5,805,575,542
Total disbursements for the year		10,905,372,897	7,003,500,400
Portfolio Quality			
Portfolio at risk		99,022,923	104,549,671
Portfolio written off		155,156,771	302,876,326
Loan loss reserve		102,509,829	88,543,911
Average loan sizes			
Average outstanding loan size		21,617	15,943
Average gross loan portfolio		7,323,633,878	5,039,688,960
Information about the Bank's assets/liabilities			
Total assets		13,289,656,542	9,953,616,111
Current assets		12,859,812,996	9,469,032,473
Fixed assets		275,183,756	312,592,222
Average total assets		11,621,636,327	9,087,548,068
Current liabilities Bank's equity		7,146,758,153	4,604,013,962
Bank's equity		2,752,487,691	2,473,077,167
	Note	2013	2012
FINANCIAL RATIOS			
Sustainability/ Profitability			
Return on equity	40.1	7.97%	(1.99%)
Adjusted return on equity	40.2	1.71%	(16.86%)
Return on assets	40.3	1.79%	(0.53%)
Adjusted return on assets	40.4	0.38%	(4.46%)
Operational self sufficiency	40.5 40.6	114.78%	97.86% 79.69%
Financial self sufficiency Profit margin	40.6	107.76% 13.08%	(2.04%)
60 - 1997			
Asset / Liability Management	10.0	9.00	
Current ratio	40.8 40.9	1.80 28.18%	2.06
Yield on gross loan portfolio Yield gap	40.9	28.18%	28.33% 4.34%
Funding-expense ratio	40.11	8.39%	7.01%
Cost-of-funds ratio	40.12	7.27%	5.57%

40.

	Note	2013	2012
Portfolio Quality			
Portfolio at risk	40.13		
from 1 - 29 days		0.33%	0.71%
from 30 - 59 days		0.36%	0.56%
from 60 - 89 days		0.15%	0.18%
from 90 - 179 days		0.17%	0.21%
over 179 days		0.11%	0.15%
Write-off ratio	40.14	2.12%	6.01%
Risk coverage ratio	40.15	103.52%	84.69%
Efficiency / Productivity			
Operating expense ratio	40.16	21.02%	26.33%
Cost per borrower (Rupees)	40.17	3,983	3,700
Personnel productivity	40.18	178	154
Loan officer productivity	40.19	578	517
Average disbursed loan size (Rupees)	40.20	24,205	17,823
Average outstanding loan size (Rupees)	40.21	21,617	15,943

- 40.1 Return on equity (RoE) calculates the rate of return on the average equity for the year. RoE calculations are net operating income less taxes divided by average equity for the year.
- 40.2 Adjusted return on equity is calculated on an adjusted basis to address the effects of subsidies, provision against non-performing advances and other items that are not in the Bank's net operating income.
- 40.3 Return on assets (RoA) measures how well the Bank uses its total assets to generate returns. RoA calculations are net operating income less taxes divided by average assets during the year.
- 40.4 Adjusted return on assets is calculated on an adjusted basis to address the effects of subsidies, provision against non-performing advances and other items that are not included in the Bank's net operating income.
- 40.5 Operational self sufficiency measures how well the Bank covers its costs through operating revenues. In addition to operating expenses, financial expenses and loan loss provision expense are also included in the calculation.
- 40.6 Financial self sufficiency measures how well the Bank covers its costs, taking into account a number of adjustments to operating revenues and expenses. The purpose of these adjustments is to model how well the Bank covers its costs if its operations were unsubsidized and was funding its expansion with commercial-cost liabilities.
- 40.7 Profit margin measures the percentage of operating revenue that remains after all financial, loan loss provision and operating expenses are paid.
- 40.8 Current ratio measures how well the Bank matches the maturities of its assess and liabilities.
- 40.9 Yield on gross loan portfolio indicates the gross loan portfolio's ability to generate cash financial revenue from interest, fees and commission. It does not include any revenues that have been accrued but not paid in cash, or any non-cash revenues in the form of post-dated cheques, seized but unsold collateral, etc.
- 40.10 Yield gap compares revenue actually received in cash with revenue expected from microcredit advances.
- 40.11 Funding-expense ratio shows the blended interest rate the Bank is paying to fund its financial assets. This ratio can be compared with yield on the gross microcredit advances to determine the interest margin.
- 40.12 Cost-of-funds ratio gives a blended interest rate for all of the Bank's funding liabilities. Funding liabilities do not include interest payable or interest on loans to finance fixed assets.
- 40.13 Portfolio at risk ratio is the most accepted measure of portfolio quality. Portfolio at risk is the outstanding amount of all loans that have one or more installments of principal past due by certain number of days. Rescheduled loans are also included in the calculation.

- **40.14** Write-off ratio represents the percentage of the Bank's microcredit advances that have been removed from the balance of the gross microcredit advances because they are unlikely to be repaid.
- 40.15 Risk coverage ratio shows how much of the portfolio at risk is covered by the Bank's provision against non-performing advances. It is an indicator of how prepared the Bank is to absorb loan losses in the worst case scenario.
- 40.16 Operating expense ratio is the most commonly used efficiency indicator for Microfinance Banks. It includes all administrative and personnel expenses.
- 40.17 Cost per borrower provides a meaningful measure of efficiency for the Bank, by determining the average cost of maintaining an active borrower.
- **40.18** Personnel productivity measures the overall productivity of total Bank's human resources in managing clients who have an outstanding loan balance and are thereby contributing to the financial revenue of the Bank.
- 40.19 Loan officer productivity measures the average case load of each loan officer.
- 40.20 Average disbursed loan size measures the average loan size that is disbursed to clients.
- 40.21 Average outstanding loan size measures the average outstanding microcredit balance by client, which may be significantly less than the average disbursed loan size.

41. GENERAL

Corrosponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified where necessary for more appropriate presentation of transactions and balances.

Account captions as prescribed by BSD circular No. 11 dated December 30, 2003 which have nil balances, have not been reproduced in these financial statements.

42. DATE OF APPROVAL

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the Bank in their meeting held on Febuary 21, 2014.

PRESIDENT

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CHAIRMAN

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

Branch Network

Punjab

Chiniot

Chaudry Center Jhumra Chowk Jhang Road Chiniot Ph# 047-6332691 Fax# 047-6332692

Lahore

15-Shadman, Near Shadman Chowk, Jail Road, Lahore. Ph# 042-37582083/37530849 Fax# 042-37534808

Sheikhupura

Shop # 435 Near 32 Chowk Gujranwala Road Sheikhupura Ph# 056-3813566/ 056-3813568 Fax# 056-3813563

Bhalwal

Noon Sugar Mill Road , Bhalwal Ph# 048-6642571/6642971 Fax# 048-6642571

Chakwal

Near Warid Franchise, Rawlpindi Road, Chakwal Ph# 0543550918 Fax# 0543540864

Faisalabad

Jimmy Plaza, Near Kinder Garton Girls High School, Eid Gah Road, Faisalabad. Ph# 041-2616148-6/9200780 Fax# 041-2616146

Jhang

Canal Colony Raod Near Distt. Courts Jhang Ph# 047-7620985/7620981 Fax# 047-7627940

Khushab

Plot # 221 Block # 4 College Chowk Jauharabd , Distt. Khushab Ph# 0454-722131/723131 Fax#0454722131

Kamoki

197/162 Near Shifa Eye Hospital, Main G.T Road Kamoki Ph# 055-6816240/41 Fax# 055-6811161

Narowal

Siddique Pura Morr Circular road Narowal. Ph# 0542-414267/414167 Fax# 0542-414168

Pasrur

Faisal Colony, Near Gujjar PSO Petrol Pump, Pasrur Ph# 0526-442247 Fax# 0526-442248

Sialkot

Small Industrial Estate, Near Alam Chowk, Shahabpura road Sialkot Ph# 052-3258442-1 Fax# 052-3258440-1-2

Wazirabad

Near Veterinery Hospital, Foam market ,Circular road , Wazirabad. Ph# 055-6604692/6604694 Fax# 556609120

Rawalpindi

Ropyal Brothers Plaza, B-130, Main Muree Road, Chandni Chowk Rawalpindi. Ph# 051-4842548 Fax# 051-4842549

Sadiq Abad

Jamal Din Wall road,near crispy sweets & bakers, Sadiqabad Ph# 068-5700326 Fax# 068 5700426

Bhakkar

Plot# 155/2 Club Road Mandi Town Bhakkar Ph # 0453-513187,0453-9200087 Fax# 0453-510187

Kot Addu

Opposite Faisal Motors, Near PSO Pump Main G.T Road, Kot Addu District Muzaffergadh Ph# 066-2241752 Fax# 066-2243852

Ahmedpur East

Near WAPDA Scarp colony, Katchery Road, Ahmedpur East Ph# 062-2273450 Fax# 062-2271450

Lodhran

Near Alla Iqbal Comerce College, MTN Bahawalpur Road , Lodhran Ph# 0608-361321 Fax# 0608-361324

Rajanpur

Kamran Market, Opposite Jamia Sheikh Darkhasti, Indus Highway, Rajanpur. Ph# 0604-690120 /0604-333365 Fax# 604689513

Kahror Pacca

Union Council Bukshi Wali, Ward No. 16 / 8, Near Railway Chowk,Lodhran Road, Kahror Pacca Ph# 0608-342125-3-6 Fax# 0608-342126

Branch Network

Punjab

Dunyapur

Near Al-Mulk Hospital, Railway Road, Dunyapur Ph# 0608-305317/0608-304317 Fax# 0608-304317

Muzafar Garh

Old Chen One Building-Opp Bank Alfalah-Main Multan Road-Muzafar Garh. Ph# 662425490 Fax# 66 242 5491

Mandi Bahauddin

Shop # 5/201 Ward # 5 Near Alfatah Masjid Mandi Bahauddin Ph# 0546-500988/521002 Fax# 546-500981

Mianwali

Chah Gul Khanwala P.A.F Road Mianwali Ph# 0459-231020 Fax# 0459231010

Sargodha

Ground Floor Zahoor Plaza Noori Gate Sargodha Ph# 048-3740862 / 048-3725052 Fax# 048-3725052

Arifwala

21-A/Block Main Muhammad Road Karkhana bazar Arifwala Distt Pakpattan. Ph# 0457-835204 Fax# 0457-830202

Basirpur

Plot # 416, Main Bazar Depalpur Road, Basirpur. Ph# 044-4771030/4771121-22 Fax# 044-4771030

Chichawatni

Plot No. 18, 19 Main GT Road Near Lakar Mandi Pull Chichawatni Ph# 040-5483415/5480415 Fax# 040-5480477

Kasur

Minhas Colony, Near Khan Mahal Cinema Main Lahore Road Kasur Ph# 049-2773202-3 Fax# 049-2773203

Okara

Plot no.4033/8 M.A Jinnah Road Okara Ph# 044-2550046 Fax# 044-2552246

Hassanabdal

Near Civil Hospital Main Hazara Road Hassanabdal. Ph# 057-2520098/2520191 Fax# 057-2520097

Fatehjang

Ground Floor, Mudassar Awan Arcade, Rawalpindi Road, Fatehajang. Ph# 057-2212132/2212701 Fax# 057-2212232

Mankera

Near UBL, Jhang Bhakkar Road, Tehsil Mankera, District Bhakkar Ph# 0453-410323 Fax# 453410323

Karor Lal Essan

Khasra # 289, Sewag Plaza, Opp. PTCL Exchange, Fatehpur Road, Karor Lal Essan, Distt Layyah Ph# 0606-811505/810505-6 Fax# 0606-811506

Jalalpur Pirwala

Al-Mehmood Plaza Permit Road Jalapur Pir Wala Ph# 061-4212299 Fax# 061-4212292

Taunsa Sharif

Main Vehova Road, Taunsa Sharif Ph# 064-2601395 Fax# 064-2601367

Dera Ghazi Khan

Near Microwave Tower, Jam Pur Road, DG Khan Ph# 064-2470721,064-2470722 Fax# 064-9260535

Mian Channu

Nishtar Road Near MCB Mian Channu Ph# 065-2660131 Fax# 065-2660132

Khanpur

Plot # 309-310, Model Town A, Near Bank Alfalah, Katchehry Road, Khanpur Ph# 068-5576922 Fax# 068-5576924

Rahim Yar Khan

29/30 Canal Bank Road, Near Jamea tul Farooq,Rahim Yar Khan Ph# 068-5886223 Fax# 068-5879772

Liaqatpur

87-A Scheme # 2 Bank Road Opposite Qayyam Petrolium, Liaqat Pur Ph# 068-5795499 Fax# 068-5792699



Punjab

Bahawalpur

1-B, 1st Floor, Model Town-B, Ghalla Mandi Road, Bahawalpur Ph# 062-2889612 Fax# 062-2882856

Fazilpur

M. Ismaeel Plaza,Traffic Chowk Main Indus Highway-Fazil Pur Ph# 0604-681660-0604332196 Fax# 0604-681660

Jampur

Opposite Canal Rest House, Indus Highway, Jampur Ph# 060-4332427 Fax# 060-4568650

Bhalwal

Noon Sugar Mill Road , Bhalwal Ph# 048-6642571/6642971 Fax# 048-6642571

Chakwal

Near Warid Franchise, Rawlpindi Road, Chakwal Ph# 0543550918 Fax# 0543540864

Ali Pur

Near city police station and Bahadur khan masjid Alipur Ph# 066-2700873/2700872 Fax# 066-2700872

Pakpattan

Pakpattab Club Building, Club Road, Pakpattan Ph#45 7352477 045-7353559

Pattoki

Tariq Centre, Halla Road Pattoki Ph# 049-4426350/4425350 Fax# 049-4423350

Sahiwal

Saeed Center, Jail Road, Sahiwal Ph#040-4225313 Fax# 040-4220113

Toba Tek Singh

Al-Aziz Center, Shorekot Road, Toba Tek Singh Ph# 046-2517512-14 Fax# 046-2154618

Minchanabad

Khata # 208, Khatoni # 208, Circular road, near MCB bank, Minchinabad Ph#063-2750135-136 Fax# 063-2750137

Gujrat

Shehroz Plaza Near SA Fans GT Road, Gujrat Ph#0533536275 Fax# 053-3510224

Hafizabad

Shop B1-185 Ghari Awan Kassoke Road Hafizabad Ph# 0547-541141-2 Fax# 0547-541143

Jhelum

Opposite Tableeg ul Islam High School Near NADRA Office, Civil Line, Jhelum Ph#0544230107/621261 Fax# 0544620267

Shujahabad

Jalal Pur road , Opposite KB stand , Shujahabad Ph# 0641-4396006 Fax# 061-4396195

Tibbi

Main Road Tibbi Qaisrani, Tehsil Taunsa, District D.G.Khan Ph# 064-2007202 Fax# 064-2007513

Leyyah

Main Choubara Road, Layyah Ph# 0606-414704/ 5 Fax# 0606-414506

Hasilpur

Khata # 34/29, Plot Adjecent Honda Motor Cycle Show Room Near Bus Stand Main Bahawalpur Road, Rasoolabad Colony, Hasilpur Distt Bahawalpur. Ph# 062-2449935 Fax# 062-2443936

Qadirpur Rawan

Ali Building Near Twon Committee office, G.T Road, QadirPur Rawan Ph# 061-4578669 Fax# 61-4578668

Khairpur Tamewali

khata # 119/111,khatooni 271-276 opposite chand resturnat Tehsil khairpur Tamewali Distt Bahawalpur Ph# 062-2262010 Fax# 062-2262010

Vehari

Karkhana Bazar Vehari Ph# 067-3360301 Fax# 067-3360304

Branch Network

Punjab

Chishtian

KBL Plot # 47,Block-C,Qazi Wala Road Chishtian Ph# 632500331 Fax# 632500332

Multan

NIPCO House, 1st Floor, Abdali Road, Multan Ph# 614783057 Fax# 614782356

Fort Abbas

Khata # 347/351 School Bazar Near Main Gate Ghallah Mandi Tehsil Fort Abbas Distt Bahawalnagar Ph# 063-2510594 Fax# 063-2510592

Khanewal

Block # 02,street# 01,RCA Chowk Kahnewal Ph#0 65-2551529 Fax# 065-2551528

Haroonabad

221 Main Bazar Haroon abad Ph# 063-2510594 Fax# 063-2510592

Bahawalnagar

Plot#358 Jail Road, Jinah Colony Bahawalnagar Ph#063-2279054/2279055 Fax# 632279054

Burewala

3-C, opposite ptcl exchange, main multan road burewala Ph# 067-3354155, 067-3354159 Fax# 067-3354157

Sindh:

Karachi

Plot # 13, Commercial Area, Gulshan-e-Iqbal, Block: 10-A, main Rashid Minhas Road, Karachi Ph# 021-34818323-6 Fax# 021-34818324

Badin

Survey # 33, Adjacent Abbasi Hospital, Main DCO Chowk, Karachi Road Badin Ph# 0297-862330 Fax# 297-810149

Mithi

Shop # 2 & 3 Satyani Shopping Center Main Naukot Road Mithi Tharparkar Ph# 0232-262304 Fax# 0232-262304

Rato Dero

Main Bus Stand, Chowk, Ratodero Ph# 074-4088189 Fax# 074-4088189

Tando Allah Yar

Main Mirpurkhas Road, Adjacent Main Eid Gah, Tando Allah Yar Ph# 0223-892875 Fax# 0223-892874

Hala

Old National Highway, Near UBL Hala, District Mitiari. Ph# 0223-332350-52 Fax-0223-332352

Ghotki

Sada Bahar Shoping Center Near Bilal Masjid Main GT Road Ghotki Ph# 0723-600239/0723600220 Fax# 0723-600239

Daherki

Haq Plaza, Main GT Road, Daherki Ph# 0723-642663 Fax# 0723-642663

Qambar

Opposite Sui Southern Gas Company Limited Kambar Ph# 0744-210072 Fax# 0744-210062



Sindh:

Thatha

Shop # 6, Al-Shahbaz Shops, National Highway Thatta. Ph# 0298-550784 Fax# 0298-550784

Nawabshah

H.No A-306, Hospital Road, Otaq Quarter Nawabshah Ph# 0244-370093 Fax# 0244-370094

Khairpur

Near National Saving Centre, Kacheri Road Khairpur Mirs. Ph# 0243-714064 Fax-0243-714065

Hyderabad

Shop # 2 & 3 Block 2 Defence Plaza Hyderabad. Ph# 022-2108349 Fax# 022-2786621

Sanghar

Choudhary Corner Main Nawab Shah Road Sanghar Ph# 0235800161 Fax# 0235800161

Ranipur

Near Mazhar Model School, National Highway Ranipur City District Khairpur Mirs. Ph#0243-730229-0243-730226 Fax# 0243-730229

Tando Muhammad Khan:

Main Hayderabad Badin Road, Adjacent Bus Stop, Tando Muhammad Khan. Ph# 0223-342738 Fax# 0223-342833

Mirpurkhas

Plot # 7, Survey # 862/7, Ward-A, MP Colony, Main Umar Kot Road, Mirpurkhas Ph# 0233-873163 Fax# 0233-873163

Dadu

Opposite Govt: Pilot Girls School College Road Dadu Ph#025-4710007 Fax# 025-4710007

Shikarpur

Sattari Building, Opposite Jahaz Chowk, Station Road, Shikarpur. Ph# 0726-513024-23 Fax# 0726-512202

Sukkur

Military Road, Sukkur Ph# 071-5633237 Fax# 071-5633237

Nosheroferoze

Main National Highway, Noshero Feroze Ph#0242-481270-71 Fax# 0242-481269 z

Pano Aqil

Near Eid Gah, Baiji Chawk, Pano Aqil Ph# 071-5692033 Fax# 071-5690314

Larkana

H #. 1588, Jan Mohd Jonejo Road, Near Jarral Shah Bukhari, Larkana. Ph# 074-4044580-81 Fax# 074-4044570

Badeh

Main Naseerabad road, Badeh Distt: Larkana Ph# 074-4081074 Fax# 074-4081232

Branch Network

Khyber Pakhtunkhawa:

Abbotabad

Ground Floor, Ali Plaza, Supply bazar, Mansehra Road, Abbotabad. Ph# 0992-343108/ 330871 Fax# 0992-343109

Kohat

Samand Plaza, Behzadi Chakarkot, Bannu Road, Kohat. Ph# 0922-522877 Fax# 0922-522876

Swat (Mingora)

Ground Floor, Shahzad Plaza, Mukan Bagh, Saidu Sharif Road, Mingora Ph# 0946-724744/ 0946-724743 Fax# 0946-724742

Haripur

Pankad Area, Shahrah-e-Hazara, Haripur Ph# 0995610353/ 610181 Fax# 0995610353

Charsada

MG Plaza, Tangi Road, Charsadda. Ph# 091-6513301-02 Fax# 091-6514589

Malakand Agency

Tahir plaza, Main Bazar, Batkhela, Malakand Agency Ph# 0932-415040 Fax# 0932-415039

Mardan

CB 445/A- 2, Saddar Bazar, The Mall, Mardan Cantt. Mardan. Ph# 0937870194-5 Fax# 937870828

Swabi

Rehman Plaza, Mardan Road, Swabi. Ph#0938-223212-223113 Fax# 0938-224587

Peshawar:

Ground Floor, Hurmaz Plaza, Tehkal Payan, University Road Peshawar Ph# 091-5702376/ 091-9218366 Fax# 091-5840377

Dadu

Opposite Govt: Pilot Girls School College Road Dadu Ph#025-4710007 Fax# 025-4710007

Nowshera

Al-Jameel City Center, Near PSO Police Petrol pump, Main G.T Road, Nowshera. Ph# 0923-610158 / 0923-614558 Fax# 0923-614558

Dera Ismail Khan

Al-Zaman Building, West Circular Road, Dera Ismail Khan Ph# 0966-711382 Fax# 0966-711382

Balouchistan:

Jafarabad

Main Quetta Road, Near Railway Station, Jafferabad. Ph# 0838-510034 Fax# 0838-510135

Nasirabad

Labor Chowk, Quetta Road, Dera Murad Jamali, Naseerabad, Balouchistan. Ph# 0838-711338-37 Fax# 0838-711338

Quetta

Usman Complex hali Road Quetta,Opposite FC head Quarter Ph#081-9201528/2832133 Fax# 081-2832133

Azad Kashmir:

Muzaffarabad

Raza Buliding , Poultry form road, opp AJK University Muzaffrabad Ph# 05822/ 920467-68 Fax-05822-920469

Rawlakot

Anmol Plaza, Opp Ali Firdos Clinic, CMH-Road, Rawalakot. Ph# 058-24920193 Fax# 058-24920044

Bagh

Ground Floor, Al-Noor Plaza, College Road Bagh Ph# 05823-920158 Fax# 05823-920159

